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A Weekly Journal of Education AMOS M. KELLOGG, Editor.

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CONTENTS OF THIS NUMBER.

EDITORIAL Page.	EDUCATIONAL NOTES.			
The Teachers' Danger 61	New York City6			
	Elsewhere6			
	Foreign6			
The Culture of Imagina-	LETTERS. 64			
tion—No. II	In Vacation			
The University Convoca-	The Dixon Pencil Prize			
uon	Awards6			
THE SCHOOL-ROOM.	ED. MISCELLANY.			
Oral Lessons	A School-Room Talk6			
Lessons in Language62	A School in China			
Grammar and Composition	The Saratoga Meetings 68-6			
-No. I 63	Vassar College7			
The Primary Class63	Do Something7			
The Geography Class63	FOR THE SCHOLARS.			
Letters to a Young Teacher64	Arabi Boy7			
Moral Lesson64	August Birthdays			
A Lesson on a Frog64				
The Questioner64	BOOK DEPARTMENT. New Books			

New York, August 5 and 12, 1882.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The publishers give notice that in accordance with their usual custom, they will issue the JOURNAL, but ** twice, in each of the months of July and August **. The Editors and publishers need a vacation as much as the teachers; and then, the teachers taking their vacations need less issues of the paper

THE JULY NUMBER.

Scholar's Companion

contains a great variety of stories, anecdotes, biographies, compositions etc., etc., filling 16 pages. Many teachers are circulating this beaut iful and interesting paper, because it interests the scholar in his school, and does more to really educate and interest than any book. Teachers out of employment during the summer, can make excellent wages by canvassing for it among their friends. Send for terms and sample copies.

The July number contains an illustrated story by John

R. Dennis, entitled "Kinney's Mill-Dam," and "Rob's Chickens," by the same author. Also "Who was Blue Beard," "About Cats," "The C. L. S. C. for Young People," "Your Example," "A Boy's Meeting," "A School in China," "Some Noted Writers," "The Anchor of Columbus," "Lost in the Sky," "W hittier's Thoughts," "Mrs. Stowe's Seventhieth Birtinday," "The True History of Many a Roy." Next comes two interesting dialogues: "The Questioner," and "The Grammar Class." Then two fine recitations: "Better than Gold," and "A Little Gentleman." "Our Pets," and "The Cuckoo," are interesting articles. Then we have the three departments, in which all the scholars are deeply interested: "SCHOOL ROOM," "WRITING CLUB," and "LETTER BOX." "A Letter from Uncle Philip," "August Birthdays," "That Interesting Book," "Good Advice Corner," "A Costly Article," "Evening Games.—IV," "A Geography Story," "See How he Did It," "Wookpeckers," "Arabi Bey," "The Arctic Winter," "A School-Room Talk," "A Great Musical School," follow, making a most interesting number. Price 5 cents a copy or 50 cents a year, post-pad.

READER, you know of at least ten teachers who do not take this paper. Will you not do a little missionary work among them? Stir them up and get them to take it. You will be doing them and all of their pupils a great

If you can send to us money in preference to stamps, we would prefer it, for we are loaded down with stamps. If you must send them, send ones in preference; if these cannot be got send threes. Never send fives, tens, etc. But you can register a letter with money in it at any and all offices. The postmaster is obliged to do it.

WE offer valuable premiums to any subscriber who sends us another subscriber. Please remember this.

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CERTAINLY one of the most pleasing things at Saratoga was the coming together of teachers from the North and South in a fraternal spirit. May it be thus in every succeeding year. Georgia sent twenty-seven delegates with Dr. Orr at their head; other southern states were represented, and all were pleased with their reception.

A good deal could be said about the net result of such meetings as the ones just held at Saratoga. There is no better way perhaps to estimate ourselves than by obtaining the estimate of outsiders. The editor of a leading Saratoga daily newspaper said: "It is strange that teachers are so impracticable; they plan out schemes that are impossible; they leave the field of the practical for that of the ideal."

These statements are too true.

How much interest do the college men feel in primary and advanced (grammar) school education? A very little, if the truth must be told. If the primary schools were tunnels that poured their pupils into the colleges, they would cast patronizing glances at them. For a long time they refused to sustain scientific courses, but public opinion forced them into it; not supplying the needs of the people, high schools have been established and are immensely popular. If the colleges were smart they would overflow with pupils.

WHEN Guiteau was hung the Police Gazette published 300,000 copies; the gallows, the prison, the poor culprit, and the gaping crowd-all were pictured out to the minutest detail; it was a paying enterprise-every depraved man got a copy.

Suppose now that we should publish 300,-000 copies of some great and eloquent address on education, and send them out for the teachers to buy; but few would pay for them. The teacher does not have that faith in the press that the uneducated and the bad do; he believes in education up to a certain extent only.

IF a teacher sees in an educational journal what proposes to be an immediate aid to him in the school-room, he will usually subscribe for it. Not always, it is true, for he may think he already knows all that can be said, or he may determine to go ahead with what he knows, and expect Providence to keep an eye on the results. The wonderful success of this paper is wholly due to the aid it is in the perplexities of the schoolroom. It deals with facts and tried processes, and not with theories. The good words of one subscriber brings us another subscriber.

THE TEACHERS' DANGER.

Whoever would teach must learn-and whoever would teach must learn—and this means he must continue to learn; he must learn all of the time. The teacher's danger lies in his pausing after he is certified to be competent to teach. Too often, with but a slim stock of knowledge on hand, finding himself surrounded with those who have the little in comparison with what he know so little in comparison with what he does, he sits down contented; he employs the same material year after year; as

new to every successive class, he cannot understind why he should do any more study.

But men get in proportion to what they give. He is giving little, and the result will be that sooner or later it will be found out.

The rescale feel it in their homes and disc

be that sooner or later it will be found out. The people feel it in their homes, and dissatisfaction is expressed. He concludes to seek another place or another occupation; but to face the foe of his school and his own foe he declines. He teaches as he did last year at his last place, and all goes smoothly for a while, and but for a while.

The only thing for the teacher to do is to resolve that he will be what the great Thomas Arnold called a "running spring." He demanded the possession of fresh knowledge as a qualification for teaching. And every child and every parent demands the same thing; they are right. Let the teachers then observe, listen, read, and think; "still achieving, still pursuing." Such and such only can teach.

THE CULTURE OF IMAGINATION .- NO. 2.

BY N. A. CALKINS.

That language and pictorial illustrations are the two most available instruments in the culture of imagination may be known from the fact that children so readily become deeply interested in both. When language is employed in descriptions of absent objects and scenes so as to form wordpictures, it becomes a most attractive mode of instruction, because it furnishes opportunities for a lively exercise of the children's imaginations.

Simple lessons in geography afford excellent facilities for the use of language in the cultivation of this faculty, through descriptions of productions, occupations, climate, scenery, and animals of dif-ferent countries. Children like to be transported in imagination to the cold scenes of the polar regions, or to the land of gorgeous flowers and luxuriant fruits, and to have thus pictured to them the occupations, manners, and costumes of the inhabitants of those foreign countries. And when these objects are associated with the countries to which they belong, the lesson becomes not only more interesting, but the instruction more vivid and lasting, because the associations will be such that it may be readily recalled. Biography and history furnish materials for similar exercises.

Playthings of the child's own arrangement or invention afford him more amusement than the most costly toys. No better playthings can be given to a boy from two to four years of age than a box of inch cubes, or one of the brick-shaped blocks, each about four inches long, two wide, and one inch in thickness. With these cubes, or brick-blocks, he can exercise his imagination, and acquire much useful skill, by arranging them in a great variety of forms and positions to represent his own ideal crea-

It is the exercise of the faculty of imagination, chiefly, which causes children to be so fond of playing with water, mud, or sand, because with these substances they can construct representations of such objects as are used by men and women in the avocations of life.

Fables, riddles, conundrums, puzzles, etc., furnish means for exercising this faculty. What child does not like to listen to good fables over and over again, such as "The Fox and the Grapes,"
"The Dog and his Shadow," The Dog and the Manger," "The Shepherd-boy and the Wolf," or "The Fox and the Crow?" Such fables and tales as contain instruction, and impart moral truths, should be selected and related to children in whom we desire to cultivate imagination. This will be found a favorable mode of imparting to children practical wisdom when other means fail.

The study of Nature in her various moods of sublimity, grandeur, and beauty, is the most successful mode of developing the highest powers of this faculty. The science of astronomy furnishes an excellent means of exercising the imagination in a manner that will strengthen the intellectual and moral powers, and prevent the development of those fic.itious fancies which, while they can never be realized, tend to weaken these powers, and to create a dislike for science and the realities of life. -Manual of Object Teaching.

THE UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

The twentieth session began at Albany, July 11. The exercises were an Address by Chancellor Pierson; "Libraries and how to use them," A Report, by H. C. Kirk; "Teaching English Literature in Academies," by Prof. Gilmore; "The Regents' Preliminary and Advanced Examinations," by Prof. John Bradley; "Teaching Science in Academies, by Prof. L. C. Cooley; "Opening of the Colleges to Women," by Pres. F. A. P. Barnard; "Normal Training in Colleges:" A Report, by Prof. S. G. Williams; "The Functions of the American College," by Rev. Joseph Alden; "French and German in Colleges and Schools," by Prof. H. S. White; "Military Drill in Colleges and Academies," by P. Waterbury; "Classes for instructing Common School Teachers in Academies," by W. Graves; "Annals of Public Education in the State of New York,' by D. J. Pratt; "Report on Necrology," by Prof. Edward North; Oration by Pres. Chapin of Beloit College, Wisconsin.

THE SCHOOL-ROOM.

ORAL LESSONS.

By J. W. BARKER, A. M.

[Oral teaching is no more or less than the knowldge (not what he has read, but what he knows) of the living teacher communicated to the pupil; and the clearer and better defined that knowledge, the greater perspicuity and inspiration will accompany each lesson. The old masters taught by what has been called "personal contact," Much of this kind of teaching must accompany every lesson in order to educate. The following oral lessons are "Faniliar talks upon familiar subjects," as given in the school-room. The star (*) indicates where explanations or simple experiments are to be given.]

NO. 1.—ATTRACTION.

DEFINITION.—Attraction is the power of drawing. 1. Cohesive Attraction exists between particles of oodies of the same kind.*

2. Cohesive Attraction exists between bodies or different kinds. Experiment—Two pieces of wet oard adhering, etc.*

3. Chemical Attraction exists between bodies of different kinds. Example-Soap, bread, ink, lem-

4. Magnetic Attraction is the power of a magnet to draw or attract.*

NO 2.-ATTRACTION OF GRAVITATION.

Attraction of Gravitation; the force of gravity which draws everything towards the center of the earth. Evample-An apple falls, boys jump, etc."

6. Capillary Attraction exists in fluids by which they rise above a common level. Example-A sponge taking up the water, oil rising in a lamp wick, etc.*

7. Electrical Attraction is that seen when electricity is excited by rubbing together two non-conductors. Example-Rub a piece of sealing wax, or rub glass upon silk. The wax will attract light substances, etc.*

REVIEW.

- 1. Cohesive-Pupil experiment, etc., and repeat definition. 701111
- 2. Adhesive,
- 3. Chemical,
- 4. Magnetic,
- 5. Attraction of Grav. "
- 6. Capillary,
- 7. Electrical,

4.6 NO. 3.-SPRINGS.

Definition-Springs are fountains of water starting from the ground, formed by water falling from the clouds.* These are:

- 1. Fresh water springs.
- 2. Mineral springs.*
- 3. Hot
- 4. Cold
- 5. Perennial "
- 6. Intermittent"
- 7. Spouting
- 8. Flowing
- NO. 4.-WATER FORMATIONS.

1. Ocean.

- 2. Mist or vapor, produced by Heat.* Wind or Air.*
- 3. Clouds, bric dist Rain-drops,
- Air and Gravity.*
- 5. Springs, Gravity.*
- 6. Brooks and rivers, " Gravity.* 7. Lakes, seas, oceans, "
- Gravity.* Examples. - Saratoga, Arkansas,

white sulphur, etc.

- NO. 5.—SYSTEMS OF WATER—CURRENTS IN NORTHERN NEW YORK STATE.
- 1. Streams flowing into Lakes Erie and Ontario, vest of Genesee River.*
- 2. Genesee River and its tributaries.*
- 3. Oswego River and streams west to Genesee
- 4. Rivers east of Oswego River running into Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence.
- 5. Rivers flowing into Lake Champlain.*
- 1. Basin of the Alleghany and tributaries.*
- 2. Basin of the Susquehanna and tributaries.*

3. Basin of the Delaware and tributaries.*

NO. 6.-ABOUT LINES

[This lesson contains all the principles of penmanship and mechanical drawing.]

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I. STRAIGHT LINES .- (Def.) Lines are used to decribe distance and direction without reference to width or thickness.* They are straight or curved. A straight line is the shortest distance between two points. Straight lines are:

1. Horizontal-that is, lines that are parrallel with the horizon.*

2. Perpendicular—that is, lines at right angles with horizontal.*

3. Oblique—that is, lines between a right angle. If the lines continued draw nearer together, (*) they are converging. If they grow farther apart,(*) they are diverging.

II. CURVED LINES.—(Def.) A curved line is a line bending without angles.

NO. 7-TOMATO-WHAT IT IS.

The Tomato is the fruit of an annual plant of the night-shade family, sometimes called "love apple," from two to four feet high. Weak stem; yellow flowers; one variety at first.* Tree tomato; vine tomato; many varieties now; cannot be forced very much.*

Where found .- Native of Peru, South America.* It is a sub-tropical plant. Varieties how obtained.* Good but for light soils. Manner of planting.*

Uses.-Used raw, stewed, boiled, in soups, stews and sauces, catsup, pickled and preserved.*

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL.

LESSONS IN LANGUAGE.

FOR THE PRIMARY SCHOOL.

By A. M. H., Buffalo.

I begin by saying, "We will now make up a nice story ourselves, children; I will begin. After I have given my sentence I will call on you. See what sentences you will have ready. As they are given write them on your slate. My sentence is:

- 1. A little girl lived in the woods.
- She was very good.
 She lived all alone with her father.
- She did all the work.
- Her mother was dead.
- Her name was Annie.
- One day she went to gather some wood.
- She met a bear.
- She threw a piece of wood at him.
- 10. The bear chased her.
- 11. She ran with all her might.
- 12. She dropped the wood.
- 13. She went home crying.
- 14. Annie told her father.
- The father took his gun.
- 16. He shot the bear.
- 17. Annie made a cloak for her doll with the fur-
- 18. The fur was soft.

 T. Very well. There is quite a story then, but it does not sound very well. Why not $\hat{\imath}$

"The sentences are too short."

Well, let us unite them. Who will begin? What entences will you unite?

A. "I will unite 1 and 6."

How will it read?

"A little girl lived in the woods whose name was Annie.

Very good indeed. Who will unite some other sentences

B. I will unite 3, 4, and 5."

How will it read?

"Her mother was dead, and she lived all alone with her father, and did all the housework."

Who next? You can add to any sentence if you

think best.

C. I will take No. 2 and add to it.

How will it read?

"She was a very good little girl, and her father greatly loved her

That was well done; you see No. 2 wanted a balance to it; it sounds better, does it not?

"Yes, ma'am."

Who next ?

D. I will unite 7 and 8.

How will it read?

"One day she went out to gather some wood, and not a great bear."

Why do you add "great ?"
"It sounds better."

Yes, I think it does. Who next ?

E. I will take No. 9 and add to it: "She was a brave girl, and threw a piece of wood at him."

Yes, that improves it; add words to make it sound better, if you wish. Who next?

F. It needs more words in No. 10. "The bear was angry and ran towards her."

Who next?

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d.*

G. I will unite 11 and 12. "She dropped the wood and ran crying 'a bear, papa ! a great big bear!"

Who next?

H. I will unite 15 and 16. "Her father seized his gun and shot the bear."

Who next? Here is need of a new sentence.

J. I will fix it. "They were both glad to see the great ugly bear lying dead. Her father took off the skin, and in the winter he made Annie a warm coat of it; she liked the soft fur.

I see you have left the "doll" out.

J. Yes, ma'am; dolls don't want bear skins."

Now read the story and see if it sounds much better.

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL.

GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION .- NO. I.

By M. R. O.

"What have I in my hand ?" "A pencil."

"Think something about the pencil and tell me your thought." "The pencil marks."

"Tell me some thought about the bell." "The bell rings." "You may write the thought apon your slates."

"What did I ask you for each time?" "A thought."
"With what have you expressed the thought
upon your slates?" "With words."

"A thought expressed in words is called a sentence. Now who can tell me what a sentence is?"
"A sentence is a thought expressed in words."

(As pupils delight in repeating what they know, let reveral give the definition, then let all write it upon their slates to make sure that every word is rightly understood. Begin with capitals here, for in glancing over the slates you will see the necessity, giving the general rule that "all sentences begin with a capital letter.")

Q. "Listen, while I repeat two sentences, and then tell me if they are alike. The cat spilled the

milk. Did the cat spill the milk?"
"No,ma'm. In the first sentence you told the truth
about the cat, and in the second you asked a ques-

"Well, Johnnie, when we 'tell the truth' about anything, we call it making a statement, or we state a fact about that thing. What fact did I state

"You said that she spilled the milk."

about the cat?"

"Who can state some fact or tell something that is true concerning this table? Gracie tells me, "The table is high.' Maud says, 'The table is long.' You may write two short sentences stating some fact about this crayon." "The crayon is white." "The

"What did I tell you to write upon your slates?" Two sentences stating facts about the crayon."

"A sentence which states a fact is a declarative sentence. What is a declarative sentence?" "A declarative sentence is one which states a fact." "All declarative sentences begin with a capital and end with a period. Frank, how do declarative sentences end?" "Declarative sentences end with a period."

"Mary, Albert, Freddie, Ada and Isabel, go to the board and write a declarative sentence about this vase. Scholars in their seats may notice if any mistakes are made."

JOHN. Ada has begun her sentence with a small letter, and spelled vase with a c,

ELLA. Isabel has left out her period.

"Ada and Isabel, correct their work, then write the rule upon the board that they may not again forget it. Is Albert's sentence correct?" "Yes 'm."

"Look again. What did I tell him to make a sentence about?" Class—"The vase."

"Has he made a statement about the vase!"

MAUD. No'm. He says the flowers are in the vase."

To has told us something about the flowers."

He has told us something about the flowers."
"Who will change his sentence so that it will tell
us about the vase, and not the flowers?"

ROBBIE. The vase holds the flowers.

Albert corrects his sentence, while the class write, "Boys run," this to examine for punctuation. (To keep the class busy while this sentence is being corrected, give out other sentences, like, "Girls play," etc., but examine only the first sentence upon each slate, i.e., Boys play, letting them correct the similar errors in the other sentences themselves.)

3. You may tell me, Elsie, if this is a declarative sentence, "The wind blows." "Yes, 'm, because it states a fact."

Raise hands to tell me if this states a fact: 'Does the wind blow?'

Isabel. No, 'm. You asked a question.

What is the question I asked, Isabel ? "You asked if the wind blew."

"Who will ask another question?"

STELLA. Have the girls come?

"Do sentences which ask a question state a fact?"
'No, 'm."

"Then would it be right to call them declarative sentences?" "No, 'm."

"No, we have another name for sentences which ask a question. They are interrogative sentences. Who can spell the first syllable of that long word?" Class—"The second, Mary?"

Class—"The second, Mary?"

"What is the third?" "The fourth?" "The fifth?" "Who can spell all five of the syllables?"

(Write word upon board, dividing into syllables, and have children copy upon slate.) "Now, who can tell me what an interrogative sentence is?"

WILLIE. An interrogative sentence is one which asks a question.

Review.—How many different kinds of sentences have you learned about? We have learned about two different kinds of sentences, declarative and interrogative?

What is the difference between a declarative and an interrogative sentence? illustrate,

"I will now give you a declarative sentence, and you may change it to an interrogative, using the same words, "Mary is going to Boston?" "Is Mary going to Boston?" You may listen to these two sentences which I will write upon the board (without punctuating the interrogative sentence,) and notice if I repeat them exactly alike."

"No, 'm, in the declarative sentence you let your voice fall, but in the interrogative you kept it up."

"That is correct, and not only do we say them differently, but we write them differently also. You already know the rule for writing a declarative sentence. Everett may give it."

"This sentence also begins with a capital letter, but it ends with a little mark like this, (?) which shows that a question is asked. It is sometimes called a question mark, and sometimes an interrogation point. We will call it a question mark at present, because it shows that a question is asked, Raise hands to tell when a question mark should be used."

"A question mark should be used at the end of an interrogative sentence to show that a question is asked."

"Then write, 'Is Mary going to Boston?" on your slates correctly."

Examine for question mark and capitals.

(In the changing of interrogative sentences to a declarative form, you will find a great assistance to the class in the analysis of these sentences farther on.)

George Bennett, an Iowa farmer, was accused of criminally obtaining money by contracting to deliver grain which he did not possess. He protested that he knew nothing whatever about the matter, but the evidence against him convinced a jury, and a year ago he was sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary. The man who personated Bennett has now been detected, and the convict's innocence is made clear. The Governor has pardoned him, and will ask the Legislature to vote him \$5,000, besides a parchment on which the facts in the case are officially inscribed.

THE PRIMARY CLASS.

FOR MEMORIZING. MARCH.

In the snowing and the blowing,
In the cruel sleet,—
Little flowers begin their growing
Far beneath our feet.
Softly taps the Spring, and cheerly,—
"Darlings, are you here?"
Till they answer: "We are nearly,
Nearly ready, dear."
"Where is Winter, with his snowing?
Tell us, Spring," they say;
Then she answers: "He is going,
Going on his way.
Poor old Winter does not love you,—
But his time is past;

THE ANGELS' LADDER.

Set you free at last!"

Soon my birds shall sing above you,-

"If there were a ladder, mother, Between the earth and sky, As in the days of the Bible, I would bid you all good-bye, And go through every country, And search from town to town, Till I had found the ladder, With angels coming down.

"Then I would wait, quite softly,
Beside the lowest round,
Till the sweetest-looking angel
Had stepped upon the ground;
I would pull his dazzling garment,
And speak out very plain:
'Will you take me, please, to heaven,

When you go back again?"
"Ah, darling," said the mother,
"You need not wander so
To find the golden ladder
Where angels come and go.
Wherever gentle kindness
Or pitying love abounds,
There is the wondrous ladder,
With angels on the rounds."

-Wide Awake.

VIOLETS.

Violets, violets, open your leaves,
The sparrows are chirping
From under the eaves;
The great sun shines warm,
And the sky is all blue,
My sister and I
Are waiting for you.
So open your leaves
Like good little flowers, do!
So open your leaves now
Like good little flowers, do!
Violets, violets, open your leaves,
The sparrows are chirping under the eaves.
Violets, violets, open your eyes,
Do you not hear all

The bustle and noise
Of the little nest builders
At work over-head,
While the cuckoo is calling,
"Make me, too, a bed."
Yet there you lie sleeping
As if you were dead,
Yet there you lie sleeping
As if you were dead.
Violets, violets, open your leaves,
The sparrows are chirping from under the eaves.

THE GEOGRAPHY CLASS.

ADVANCED SCHOOL.

Tunis.—The Arabs here have a passion for flowers, and as soon as their spring commences even the poorest and raggedest may be seen with a delicately-scented blossom stuck above his ear. The perfumes distilled at Tunis have been famous from time immemorial. There is one very large, rather pale rose in particular, from which the famous ottar is extracted. The odors of the violet, the

jasmine, the orange flower, and many others are extracted with equal skill, and in the bazaars mingle their scents with the perfume of sandalwood and other sweet smelling woods. In Arab households incense and sandal-wood are frequently burned on charcoal braziers. The Arabian women of the higher class are extravagantly fond of highly scented ear-rings, bracelets, etc., and a lady told me that on being introduced into the apartment of a newly-married wife she saw suspended on the wall a magnificent kind of necklace, almost as large as the collar of the Order of the Golden Fleece formed of scented woods and amber, enriched with plates and beads of pure gold finely worked. This ornament perfumed the whole apartment.

A German traveller says, that every official, from the highest to the lowest, may be corrupted. He wandered one day into a small hall where the Ferik, or governor of the city, was judging the petty of fenders and investigating heavy crimes which were reserved for the Bey's decision,

The Ferik sat motionless, with crossed legs, on a divan, and listened while the chief of police read the accusation from a bit of paper. The Ferik then asked the accused several questions, listened to his defence and sentenced or acquitted him.

Two men were sentenced to be bastinadoed, two hundred strokes each. As soon as the Ferik had pronounced the sentence, policemen rushed forward and dragged the men into a glass-covered yard adjoining the hall. One prisoner was thrown down, bound, and his naked feet put through a noose fastened to the wall. The cord was drawn until the feet stood almost perpendicular and showed

Then two policemen beat the soles with cudgels in a most cruel manner, until the exact number of strokes had been given. When the poor fellow was untied, he remained helpless on the ground, until his friends came and carried him off.

The other prisoner was treated, apparently, as his comrade had been. But to the German's surprise, as soon as he was untied he limped away with a scowl at his tormentors, but evidently not much the worse for the punishment.

The German's guide explained the bastinado is the policemen's prolific source of the income. As soon as a man with money is sentenced to be bastinadoed, he or his friends bargain with the policemen to treat him leniently. The amount of the bribe is paid over before the first stroke falls.

Then the German understood why the poor prisoner was carried off, while his richer companion limped away. The scowl was intended to reproach the executioners for asking so much for their harmless strokes.

In the taking of bribes the policemen imitated their superiors.

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL.

LFTTER TO A YOUNG TEACHER.

Have you heard your Geography Class? Your Reading Class ? Your Spelling Class ? Your Arithmetic Class ? You have done something evidently; but if you stop to think of it you will agree that this is but a part of what can be done and ought to be done. Your daily work consists of eight parts,

1. You must give lessons on the care of the body: You can teach the children to sit erect, to walk erect; you can tell them about guarding against disease and accidents; you can tell them what to do for a burn, or a cut, or a cold, you can tell them about cleanliness, the need of pure air and what is proper food; you can exercise them in light gymnastics daily.

2. You must give lessons on things, especially on those that are daily in their hands. * You can tell them about flour, sugar cotton, wool, silk, etc.

3. You must give lessons on people—the human race. The occupation and history of mankind are more interesting than anything else. Here is the foundation of all real history.

4. You must give lessons in right and wrong. "Here a little and there a little" forms the conscience. We learn what is right by being told about it; it is not something that is born in us. God told the ly by.

Israelites on Mount Sinai and in a similar manner the teacher must tell his pupils.

5. You must give lessons in language. We learn to use our mother tongue by using it and in no other way. Set the children to using it then in writing stories, in copying out stories; they will become familiar with the forms and meaning of words according to the method of nature.

6. You must give lessons in numbers. The fact that Arithmetic is overdone in the schools will preclude the need of anything more on this subject.

7. You must give lessons in art. Drawing is the foundation stone of all the industrial work of the world. The pupil should be set to drawing the first day he enters school, he should continue to draw; it requires a knowledge of proportion and demands thought and observation.

8. You must give lessons on the earth. You be gin with the school house and go out wider each day in all direction; you teach the children to observe the buildings, bridges, roads, canals, railroads, farms, forests, and ask them their uses. You pick up a pebble, you bring in soil, clay, grass, leaves, etc., and ask the children about them. Gradually they become ready to take longer excursions, to examine maps, to read about the various countries in the world and learn what the inhabitants are doing.

For the SCHOOL JOURNAL.

MORAL LESSONS.

Be not discouraged about children when they show bad traits of character. A boy tells a lie, instead of condeming him as wicked, teach him the beauty and advantage of truthfulness. His good traits must be developed. A teacher was accustomed to pin a card on the backs of little children bearing the inscription. "A bad boy" and send them home. She charged them not to remove them. One little boy was asked if he had removed his and, said "No," when he should have said 'Yes." The teacher called him up and said, "Oh what a wicked child, God will write that lie on his book and at judgment day, he will point it out to you and tell the devil to cast you into hell." All this was wrong. No child should have been subjected to such a temptation nor tirade.

Try and help the children when you see them struggling with anger or evil passions, they need help at such times more than punishment. A new thought will often turn the obstinacy of a child, just as a little diversion will make him forget a cut finger. A teacher came up to two boys who were about to fight: "John? I wish you would come and help me put in one of the windows, you can then come out here and fix up things." The boy came and assisted and school began soon after. When school was out the teacher detained John. and found out the cause of the trouble and ended it.

A LESSON ON A FROG.

C. N. MARVIN.

Living objects are especially valuable as subjects for object lessons, because children take so much interest in them, and we can with them develop kindess and observation at the same time.

One day a boy brought a frog to the class. placed it on the table and called the children around They were intensely interested. They looked at its spots, eyes, nostrils and feet; counted its toes; they saw it wink, breathe and hop; they told where it was found, how it croaks, swims, breathes and hops; where it lives, what it eats, what it is good for. They decide to catch some tadpoles and observe them change to frogs. Then we placed it near the door and let it hop out. No one thought of hurting it, but were as kind to it as they would be to a kitten. The next time those children see a frog, they will not be quite so apt to throw stones at it. They may think of this lesson. They will keep their eyes open to observe other objects. they form the habit they will carry it with them through life and will observe many things important for them to know which we have passed blind-

For the Scurrot Jones and an of the the

UTILIZING KINDERGARTEN WORK

Children in the Kindergarten can only be kept from doing mechanical work by being thoroughly interested in what their fingers are occupied with Sewing, perforating, mat weaving and other occu pations become tiresome to a child, when they have no objective point. Generous impulses in the child may be aroused by a timely word from the Kindergartner as to what is to be done with the work after it is finished. The little one will probably say ' papa," or "to mamma," and a fresh interest is awakened in the sewing or perforating. A child becomes tired of weaving many mats if

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they all serve the same purpose; but the Kindergartner may convert them into other forms with little if any expense. The same with sewing, perforating, free-weaving, cutting, etc.

The mats may be made into cornucopias with a strip of paper at the top by which to hang it up. This will not only be pretty, but useful for holding

scraps of paper. A mat may be pasted on the cover of a box for decoration. Long and narrow shaped mats, make nice book-marks.

Perforating on cardboard may be used in a great variety of ways; for card baskets, letter holders to Pretty book marks may be made with the free weaving; picture frames with the sewing; table mats with slat interlacing, and so on, the list only ended with the ingenuity of the Kindergartner.

THE QUESTIONER.

CHARACTERS: A young lady, a small boy.

[She sits at a table and is trying to study; he goes round, drums on the table, looks out of the window pens a book and begins:]

Boy. Oh! auntie.

y. Oh! auntie.
dy. Well, what is it, Georgie?
What is that man doing (pointing in a book)?
Oh! he seems to be walking.
What does he walk for?
Oh! I don't know; perhaps he wants to.
What does he want to for?
Oh! Look out of the window. (Aside. Anyth

Oh! Look out of the window. (Aside. Anything L. On! Look out of the windows
divert him.)

B. What are they doing?

L. They are making hay.

B. What is hay, auntie?

L. Why, hay is hay I suppose; I don't know, I am

What is hay made of? Why, hay is made of dirt, water, and air. Why, hay is made of dirt, water, and Who makes it out of dirt and water.

R.

B. Who makes it out of dirt and water.

L. God makes it.

B. When does he make it—in the night or daytime?

L. In both, dear.

(A pause; lady tries to read)

B. Does He make it on Sunday?

L. Yes; He makes it on Sunday too?

B. Aint it wicked to make hay on Sunday?

L. Now, Georgie, you must keep still a while. I want to read. Look out and see the trees and flowers.

(A pause, and George pulls down a plate and breaks it.

Auntie jumps.)

L. O George, what have you done?

B. What makes the plate break?

L. It is brittle; did'nt you know that?

B. What is brittle?

L. Now, Georgie, you sit down in the chair and look

Now, Georgie, you sit down in the chair and look of the window till mama comes.

(A pause.)

O auntie! there's the moon.

B. O auntie! there's the moon.

L. Yes, I suppose so.

B. Where do the stars come from?

L. I don't know. Nobody has yet found out.

B. Does the moon lay them?

L. Yes, I guess so. No, I mean.

B. Don't the moon lay eggs?

L. I suppose so. Oh! I mean I don't know. Don't sk such questions.

B. Can whales lay eggs, auntie?

L. I guess so (absently.)

B. Do they lay them in the land or in the water?

L. I don't know. Oh, Georgie, you will make me crazy.

azy.

B. What will make you crazy? (A pause.)

You ask so many questions. Oh, auntie, look there, look there. (Jumps.) What is it?

(Jumps.) What is it? Why, it is a little fly, Where?

L. Where?
B. On the glass.
L. Well, try to look at it a while, and keep still, and I ill give you a stick of candy?
B. What kind of candy?
L. Oh, some good kind.
B. Will it be peppermint?
L. I grees so.

B. Will it be pepperman.

L. I guess so.

B. Are there other kinds of candy beside peppermint and lemon-drops and winter-green.

L. Oh, yes; now keep still.

B. When will you give me the candy?

L. Now, Georgie, you come along with me. It's time you went to bed.

B. Shall I get the candy?

(Exit.)

EDUCATIONAL NOTES

NEW YORK CITY.

P. S. 7.—The children had a delightful time June 29, and many friends were present.

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COLORED SCHOOL No. 3.—The closing exercises were held June 29, and were well attended. The music was especially excellent.

ELSEWHERE.

OHIO.—Prof. Wm. Smith, who has served as president of the Xenia Female College s;nce 1858, retires from the college at the close of the present Summer Normal. The trustees have not yet selected his successor.

ALABAMA.—The teachers of Fayette county, among other subjects, propose to discuss "Females as Teachers." [We suppose they mean women; if so, why not say so. Have the teachers down South not found out that the "Dutch have taken Holland"? Well, the women have taken the schools; no use to discuss the matter, it is settled.]

CHICAGO.—On July 22, Jeremiah Mahoney, a teacher in the public schools, committed suicide by taking laudanum. The family physician thinks it was an overdose by mistake, as he was in the habit of taking laudanum for heart disease. Mr. Mahoney was a ready and caustic writer, and for a time edited Barnes' Educational Journal. He was much esteemed.

THE University of Tennessee at its late commencement conferred the honorary degree of LL.D. upon James B. Thomson of Brooklyn. Dr. Thomson is widely known as the author of the mathematical works which are extensively used in the schools of the city and other parts of the country. It is but a few years since he received a like honor from Hamilton College. He well deserves these honors.

PENN.—Tidioute, has elected Prof. S. F. Hoge principal, at a salary of \$150 a month, and an additional allowance of \$150 a year to supply a janitor. The teachers get forty five dollars a month. A project has also been started to establish a high school. J. L. Grandin, one of the most generous men in the State, offered to give \$1,000. Jehu Hunter, another genereus man, offered to give \$500 for this purpose.

MICHIGAN.—Prof. W. H. Payne of the University of Michigan gives at Petoskey a course of thirty lectures—two per day—on the following topics: 1. Organization and Government; 2, The Art of Instructing; 3, The Recitation; 4, Reading; 5, Arithmetic; 6, Grammar; 7, Geography; 8, The Nature of Educational Science; 9, The doctrine of Method; 10, Memory; 11, The philosophy of the Motives; 12, Contrasts between the Old Education and the New; 13, The art of Supervision. He recommends atudents who desire to study the art of teaching to buy Fitch's Lectures on Teaching.

OHIO.—The State Association this year took place at Niagara Falls, July 5, 6, 7. July 5 the Superintendents' section was addressed by Supt. J. M. Goodspeed, of Athens. Wm. Hoover of Dayton read a paper on Ration-Course in Mathematics." Superintendent Ross of Fremont, took up "History." July 6, the general association was addressed by Hon. J. J. Burns on "The Evolution of a Common-School Master." Mrs. D. S. Willams read a paper on "Young Teachers and their calling." Miss R. P. Cook read an essay on "The Duties of Young Teachers." Dr. T. C. Mendenhall gave an illustrated address in the evening. July 7, the association devoted to an expression of its regard for Dr. W. D. Henkle, Prof. Venable of Cincinnati spoke at length, followed by Dr. Hancock and W. E. Sheldon. G. W. Walker was elected president, H. L. Peck secretary.

NEW BRUNSWICK, CAN.—The Educational Institute was held at Fredericton, July 11, 12, 13, T. H. Rand presided; H. O. Creed gave an address on the importance of physical education. "The prevailing systems of education had been one sided in practice. Our colleges prescribed certain studies for the purpose of cultivating habits of correct reasoning, whilst they made no provision for cultivating a proper habit of breathing. It was urged that boys and girls would get exercise for themselves. Would they not also reason and learn of their own accord? Unless our educational authorities provide a right course of exercises for the guidance of teachers, they will continue in the old track. Peter Henrick Lyng a Swede, who died in 1839, devised a system for schools and it was adopted in Sweden and Germany. First, there is skill to be acquired; this requires a teacher, normal instruction and proper text books, lessons on health, and hygienic arrangements. There is a defect in all sports as exercises; they bring into play only certain parts of the body, the result of which was irregular

development. Youths whose frames are plastic required something more. The schools and the teachers were the agents for the working out of a system of physical exercises. For mixed schools light gymnastics were the most suitable. One of the best systems was that of Dio Lewis. It was adapted to all kinds of physical constitutions, and required no cumbrous apparatus. Objections would be raised to the introduction of gymnastics and "monkey tricks," as they were sneeringly styled; but objections had been plied against every great reform. It might be urged that there was no time, but there was time for whatever is necessary." Other interesting addresses were delivered, among them one by Prof. Crockett, principal of the Normal School.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The annual meeting of the State Teachers' Association was held at Pottsville, July 5, 6, July 5 the teachers were welcomed by the citizens of Pottsville, and then Prof. J. P. Andrews, the president, delivered the annual address. In the evening, Miss Mary A. McCoy read a paper on "Manners for Little Folks;" Dr. E. T. Jeffers gave an address on "Education and Culture;" Profs. Kemp & Prather, Supt. Shelley and Prof. Shaeffer discussed the subject. July 6 Miss H. L. Buckhardt read a paper on "Primary Teaching." Prof. Baer, Roth, Shaub and Shelley discussed the subject. Miss M. E. Speckman read a paper on the "Province of our Model Schools." This was discussed by Prof. Montgomery, Noetling and Maris. Miss Anna Buckbee read a paper on "Temperance in the Schools." It was discussed with spirit; a vote showed the association to be for temperance. Prof. D. O. Thomas read a paper on "The Ideal Normal School." This was widely discussed. Evidently some are opposed to the extensive academic instruction given. In the evening an exhibition of Indian pupils from Carlisle was given. July 7, a paper in memory of Supt. Monck was read by Supt. Speigel. Miss S. A. McCool read a paper on " Energy." This was followed by a paper on the "Sciences in the Public School" by Supt. N. H. Schenck. Dr. French read a paper on "Teachers' Institutes." Dr. N. C. Schaefer was elected president, and J. P. McCloskey ecretary.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.—A conference of elementary school teachers was opened at Madrid, May 28. The conference was honored by the presence of the King and the whole diplomatic body. His Majesty referred in kindly terms to the tutors of his own early days, and expressed his determination to raise the standard of instruction as high in Spain as that of other European nations. Spain, with a population of 16,507,000, and a school population of 2,606,264, has 28,117 elementary schools, with 1,410,479 pupils. This leaves a very large number of children who do not attend school at all.

who do not attend school at all.

FRANCE.—During the last four years the French Government has advanced nearly forty million dollars to poor communes for the erection of new schools and the improvement of old ones. There are still 198 communes without schools and 3,281 communes without separate schools for girls. About ten thousand schools do not offer sufficient accommodation. In order to provide suitable accommodation for all the pupils of school age France must build eighteen thousand new schools at a cost of ten million dollars, and about 500 thourand dollars will be required for school appliances. In 1881 there were 16,494 school savings' banks; in them were deposited 7,982,111 francs. A law is proposed that every Frenchman desiring to open a private school must produce the following documents: (1.) A diploma of bachelor of letters or bachelor of science. (2) A certificate of aptitude for teaching, to be awarded after examination, by a specially appointed jury. (3.) The names of his assistant masters, who must show similar qualifications. (4.) A plan of buildings and premises, and a program of studies.

ENGLAND.—At the last meeting of the London School Board Mr. Sydney Buxton presented a report from the by-laws committee proposing an alteration in the system of dealing with children who came to school without their fees. All such have hitherto been turned from the schools. The committee now proposed that other means should be taken to recover the fees, where the parent could pay, but that the children should not be turned from the schools. Rev. Jos. Diggle opposed the adoption of the report, considering that the new departure would be a step in the way of free schools. Rev. J. J. Coxhead warmly supported the report, and urged that the exclusion of the poorest children because their parents had not or could not give the fees was to perpetuate the system which led to viciousness and crime. After a long sitting the board adjourned.

and a system which led to viciousness and crime. After a long sitting the board adjourned.

The annual sale of embroideries, etc., from the Royal School of Art needlework at South Kensington began June 20. The school has done a great work in providing suitable work for ladies. The rooms are daily filled with students, who find constant and remunerative employment there. The articles offered for sale are admirable for design and harmony of color, showing real artistic merit. They are not sold at fancy prices, but at a rate to yield a fair return on the cost of production, any profit going to increase the usefulness of the school.

LETTERS.

At 9 o'clock, the usual hour for opening school, the publishers have laid on their desk the letters that have been hurrying to the city for the last twenty-four hours from all points of the compass. Let us look over the shoulder of the publisher as he quickly opens them, and plans for replies. A Mass. correspondent says:

"I have found your little pamphlet" How to paint in Water Colors, "so full of useful information that I would like to have you send another to an artist friend. Please find enclosed forty cents." The popularity of this little book shows that it

The popularity of this little book shows that it possesses real merit. It has received the highest praise from artists, and amateurs are delighted with its plain and simple directions. Mrs. Kellogg was a pupil of William and James Hart, the most celebrated artists in America and after many years of study proposed to give the world the benefit of her experience.

A Missouri teacher writes, "The Painting outfit is received and I think it is PERFECTLY AWFULLY nice, Shall want a dozen or so such outfits this winter for pupils,"

This man has an eye to the delight and profit of his pupils. He will get the cards and they will paint away for hours on them after school. We know of one teacher who has thus made her school-room a place of the greatest delight to young and old; one pupil got the cards and paint box and then the music began! No more punishing was needed there! Here is one in a childish hand:—"I send fifteen cents for the cards—I must have one of the prizes." Hope he will—Next is a publisher who says:

"Will you kindly insert this notice in your paper."
Of course, because it is an announcement of books.
The next is welcome.

"Enclosed find one dollar for the TEACHERS IN-STITUTE; I cannot do without it."

The next is like this only seventy-five cents enclosed for Kellogg's "School Management." This book has been steadily growing in popularity. Every reader feels that the writer has given the plainest directions possible on this troublesome subject.

"Have taken the Institute two years and have constantly derived new ideas from it."

"Enclosed is \$2.00 for the SCHOOL JOURNAL; it comes weekly and that is why I prefer it to the Institute.

"Please discontinue the Institute."

(Perhaps she is going from the school-room to the marriage altar; we hope so. Women never take an educational paper after marriage; men do. Why? We have racked our brains on this conundrum and give it up.)

"Have heard the TEACHERS INSTITUTE so highly spoken of, I want to see a copy."

"Enclosed is a dollar for the Institute, send sample copy of the COMPANION."

(Every teacher can but feel that the COMPANION is just the paper for their pupils; it is as well fitted to give them general information and culture as the arithmetic is to instruct in numbers. Why not be interested in what your pupils read? It is time.)

"Enclosed is \$1.50 for Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching."

"Received copy of the COMPANION and like it. Enclosed is 50 cents for two girls."

*Have not received copies of the SCHOOL JOURNAL for three weeks."

"Enclosed is 50 cents for Cultivation of Senses."
"Enclosed is \$1.00 for Teachers Institute and a

new name."

(Best thanks, may every subscriber do the same.)

(A County Supt. wrote that, and he knows whereof he affirms. County Supts. appreciate our papers as they are written to aid the teachers.)

"Kindly forward the SCHOOL JOURNAL to our address."

(This is from a Catholic School; we mention it to say that in proportion to the number of schools they direct more Catholics take educational papers than Protestants. They are in earnest to know concerning every improvement in education; within five years the Catholics have advanced wonder fully.)

Enclosed is \$2, to renew my subscription and for a new subscriber to the Institute.

(If they all were only like W. H. C. ! . Thanks good friend.)

This is from Tenn.—" Many of the teachers never saw a school paper until yours was shown them. This question has been asked by a great many:-"Are all the numbers as good as this one?" I tell them that each number seems to me to be better than the last. The freshness and helpfulness of the paper is wonderful.

(This question is a natural one, for (1) there has been a deal of harm done by some intrepid teachers in getting out "sample numbers," cribbing the material mostly from our papers and taking subscribers and suspending in the course of a few months. The number of such ventures or frauds is large; the teachers have been sadly bitten. Then (2) the great body of the teachers have no idea that so much can be said on the subject of education. And many of the so-called "higher teachers" think so, they have no idea of the wealth of information on this subject. The INSTITUTE is richly worth \$5.00 to any teacher.)

This is from a Colorado teacher.-"I can only think of you as a man in plain earnest to improve our schools; to those who have gone into teaching for the good of their pupils you are a good friend; but the drones and place-fillers will not be well pleased. Do you publish tracts for general distribution. Can you send courses of study."

IN VACATION.

Probably the Adirondacks is the best place to spend the summer-that is for those who love the mountains. You leave Saratoga, by the Adirondack R. R., which takes you to Luzerne, quite a favorite place, to Riverside, where you go to Chestertown, where M. H. Downs has entertained many a teacher, or to Pottersville and thence up Schroon Lake, to Schroon village, where Editor is now writing, or you may go up the Adirondack R. R. to North Creek and thence go to the Blue Mountain Country. Seven miles up the Schroon village is Paradox Lake, a beautiful sheet of water; thence to the Upper Ausable Pond is sixteen miles. Upper and Lower Ausabie Ponds are worthy of a visit-from the left bank rise mountains 2,000 feet in height. From there you go on to Keene, and so out to Elizabeth town. Mount Marcy can easily be visited from the Lower Ausable Pond.

The Blue Mountain Lake region is exceeding attractive; Raquette Lake is near by; it is 1,700 feet above the tide water. The coaches that bring us from North Creek are well made and comfortable, but the road is rough. The view one gets from the piazza of the new hotel, well repays for the jolting you get on your way. On the whole for easy access and wonderful features of landscape this section is to be recommended. The Adirondack R. R. is every year creeping further into the wilderness and bring ing these beautiful places nearer to those who would see them, so that any one can now visit' Raquette Lake and Mount Emmons; places that a few years ago were inaccessible. The public should bear in mind the immense service done by the Adirondack R. R., in opening up the wilderness. It is an admirably managed road and to reach the central regions indispensable.

There is a country almost untouched by the foot of the city dwellers; let us point it out. Take the Erie R. R. and go to Port Jervis, and thence down the Delaware River, within twenty miles, the Sawkill, Vondermarck, Sarrantgue, Dingman's and many other creeks enter the Delaware, and to do this fall about 1.500 feet, rising in the wilderness of Pike County, Pa. The whole country here is picturesque and beautiful. Or go to Middletown, thence to Ellenville and from Ellenville to Grahomthence to Ellenville and from Ellenville wille. Here you are in an elevated region; mountains and rivers are around you; clear, bracing air blows on you. The Erie R. R. leads to innumerable wild places accessible in a few hours to the city dwellers.

A. M. K.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

spondents in Virginia report that Maury's Geographies are meeting with great favor and are being adopted in many cities and towns.

New Haven has adopted the Franklin Arithmetics, published by William Ware & Co. of Boston; though ong published they retain their popularity.

MRS. HARRIET WEBB, the distinguished elocutionist, has sailed for Europe. She has made many friends dur-ing her stay here, and has convinced the public of her sincere devotion to an art, in which she excels.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Miss Florence A. Densmore and Mrs. Cory under the name of "The Woman's Institute of Technical Design" is dissolved, and Mrs. Cory opens a school of her own at 251 W. 23d street.

MR. E. B. Benjamin is spending his summer vacation at Delhi. By indefatigable labor he has built up a very extensive business in chemical apparatus; his work seem to have a fascination in it for him. He loves to busy himself in selecting and filling out orders.

At the Monmouth House, Spring Lake, N. J., Mr. Isaac Sheldon of the firm of Sheldon & Co., publishers is spending his summer vacation; it is a charming place -Mr. C. S. Bragg, of Van Antwerp, Bragg & Co., the Cincinnatti publishers, is spending some time at Spring Lake, N. J. His family is with him.

MRS. WIDGERY-GRISWOLD, so favorably known as an artist, left on the 22d of July by the steamship " England" for England. She will make some stay in England painting and sketching, and then visit Antwerp, where her brother is studying art. She hops to return to New York in September next, and will then have a warm

Mr. LYMAN D. Morse is taking a short vacation and will be out of town for a fortnight. Mr. Morse is well deserving of a short respite, being one of the busiest men in the city of New York, having charge of one of the most important departments in J. H. Bates' News paper Advertising Agency. His universal courtesy and honorable dealing proverbial are and have made him hosts of friends.

WE learn that the Chicago Board of Education lately adapted Appleton's Readers for use in the public schools the vote was thirteen to one, It is apparent that D. Appleton & Co. have determined to publish only such books as are specially adapted to the school-room. The nanager of the Educational Department, Mr. C. W. Brown, is a compound of courtesy and indefatigability: the right man in the right place.

WE regret to learn of the decease of Mr. Francis C: Potts of the publishing firm of Sower & Potts, Philadelphia. He suffered from sickness for nearly nine years his sufferings marked fatal traces on his whole organiza tion. On Monday, July 24th, 1882, he was obliged to yield to the destroyer. The business of Sower, Potts & Co. will be continued as usual under the same title, the interest of Mr. Potts remaining for the benefit of his widow and children.

MR. CHARLES A. VOGELER, of the well-known firm of A. Vogeler & Co., of Baltimore, died at his residence at five o'clock, Aug. 5. His disease was at first thought to be malaria, but it finally developed into a malignant type of typhoid fever, and baffled the skill alike of the best physicians. He had been for the last eight years the managing partner of the firm, and to his assiduous attention and well directed enterprise, its present pros perity and reputation are mainly due. As a cultured gentleman he made pleasing and lasting impressions on all whom he met, and his numerous friends will sadly

WE are compelled to stop in Dey street when we pass No. 11. There is here in a show case such an interesting collection of philosophical instruments that we pause to look at them; and usually there are several to help us look in. The instruments and apparatus are the work of Mr. Curt W. Meyer, one of the most ingenious men in the city. He is specially skillful in making all kinds of electrical toys and apparatus. His collection, illustrating Prof. Tyndall's work on electricity is really remark But it little matters in what direction he works he devises new and better things, and we are glad his work is growing every year. As a judge of eye-glasses, Mr. Meyer has no superior in the city.

Dependence on others is a bad breakfast and worse supper.

THE DIXON PENCIL PRIZE AWARDS.

It is well known to all our readers that in January last the Dixon Crucible Co., Jersey City, N. J., manufacturers of the celebrated Dixon's American Graphite Pencils, offered twelve cash prizes amount ing to \$275, for drawings made with their pencifs by pupils of any American public or private school, or by any art student. The class of work was to be from the flat; from a cast or object; and from life.

Competition was governed by the age of the Competition was governed by the age of the pupil for all the prizes with the single exception of the \$50 prize offered to art students, thus making an equable provision for pupils of all ages and degrees of attainment in the art of drawing. The prizes ran from \$5 to \$50, each. There were no second prizes; honorable mention only being given to those who failed to take the prize offered for their nective class.

respective class.

It was promised by the Dixon Company that the names of the winners of the prizes should be announced at one of the joint meetings of the two educational conventions to be held in Saratoga in educational conventions to be held in Saratoga in July, and on Thursday, July 13, by the kindness of the presiding officer, the following interesting report was made before a full house and a most appreciative audience

report was made before a full house and a most appreciative audience:

The Judges who decided upon the merits of the drawings submitted in competition for the Dixon prizes were, Miss Virginia Granberry, teacher of drawing in Packer Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Prof. Louis Bail, teacher of drawing in the public schools of New Haven, Conn.; and Prof. George E. Gladwin, teacher of drawing, School of Technology, Worcester, Mass. These three were chosen first, because of their large experience and well known probity, and second, because none of their pupils entered in competition for any of the prizes. These judges met at the offices of the Dixon Company, and gave long and careful consideration on the merits of each picture before making their decisions, and their faithful labors cannot be too highly respected by the Cixon Company nor too highly respected by the competitors.

Two hundred and sixty-four drawings were sent in, representing twenty-two states.

The \$50 prize offered to art students for a drawing from life, was awarded Miss Mary Fairchild, St. Louis, Mo. Subject, human head.

The \$50 prize offered any school pupil, over 20

years of age, for drawing from life, was awarded Miss M. L. D. Watson, Morristown, N. J. Subject, female figure in costume. Honorable mention in this class, was given Miss C. S. Cobb, Yonkers, N. Y.

The \$30 prize offered any school pupil, not over 20 years old, from a drawing from life, was awarded Miss Carrie D. Bartlett, Titusville, Pa. Subject,

Miss Carrie D. Bastana, female figure.

The \$25 prize offered any school pupil, not over 18 years of age, for a drawing from life, was awarded Miss Agnes M. Watson, Philadelphia, Pa. Subject, drawing from nature. Honorable mention Subject, drawing from Miss Emma S. Haslett, New class was given Miss Emma S. Haslett, New York City.

The \$20 prize offered any school pupil, not over 18 years of age, for a drawing from a cast or object, was awarded Miss Bonnie Stitt, Titusville, Pa. Honorable mention in this class was given Miss Juliet Fox, Titusville, Pa., and Miss Lizzie Probert,

The \$20 prize offered any school pupil, not over 15 years old, for a drawing from lite, was awarded Miss Clara B. Crossman, Swampscott, Mass.

The \$15 prize offered any school pupil, not over 15

years old, for a drawing from a cast or object, was warded Miss Susie H. Wallace, Titusville, Pa. Honorable mention in this class was made of Miss

Edith W. Cadwaller, Titusville, Pa.

A prize of \$15, was awarded Miss Margaret J.

Overton, Albany, N. Y., for an original design for

A prize of \$10, was awarded Miss Bessie Grindrod, Albany, N. Y., for an original design for a panel. The \$10 prize offered any school pupil, for a drawing from the flat, was awarded Miss Frederika
L. Woltjen, Pottsville, Pa. Honorable mention in
this class was given Miss E. Gertie Walker, Windsor, Vt., Miss Mary R. Sweet, Hyde Park, Mass.
and Miss Georgia M. McClellan, Lexington, Ky.
The prize of \$5 offered any school pupil, not over
12 years old, for a drawing from the flat, was

12 years old, for a drawing from the flat, was awarded Master Percy Nicholson, Albany, N. Y. Honorable mention in this class, was made of Master's John Brady, Albany, N. Y., Jacob B. Lamey, Wiconisco, Pa., and Harry Finck, Ridley Park Pa

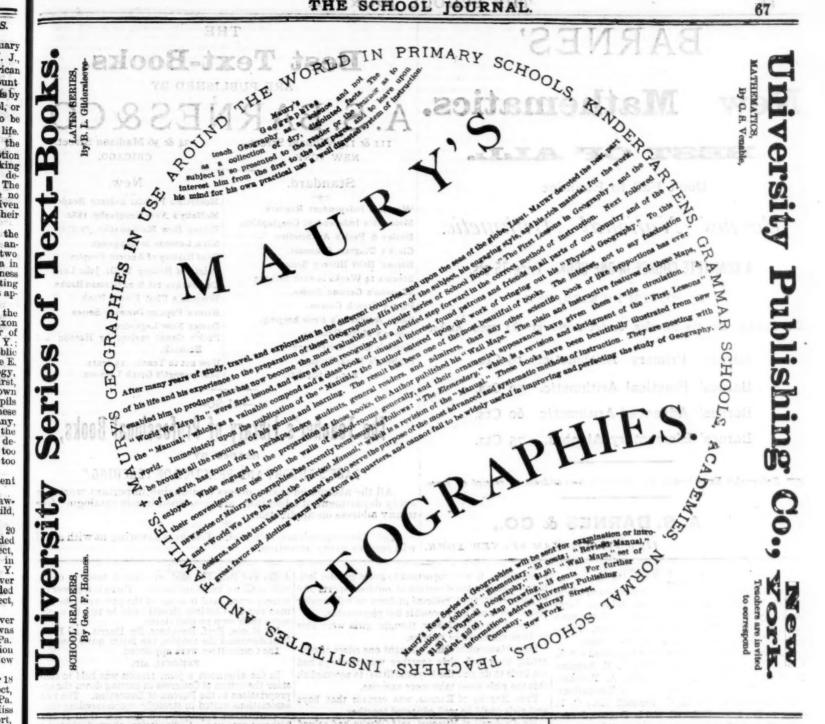
Park, Pa.

The \$25 prize offered any school pupil, not over
20 years old, for a drawing from lite, was not
awarded, no drawing being sent in for that class.

It will be noted that then of the eleven prizes were

awarded the young ladies.

We learn that the Dixon Pencil Company, propose to repeat this prize drawing award next season. Announcements of the terms of competition will be made early in October.



EDUCATIONAL MISCELLANY.

For the TRACHERS' INSTITUTE.

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A SCHOOL-ROOM TALK.

"Now, scholars, school is nearly out, and what are you going to do in vacation?" "Help at home?"

"Capital! what else?" "Oh, anything."

"Now, my scholars," and the little school-ma'am of District No. 4 settled her spectacles and looked straight through them at the children. "Don't read 'anything'; read something; something that twill be nice to remember and nice to talk about. I would advise you to observe more than you read, though."

"What's observe?" said Johnny Tucker.

"Observe means to see, but more than if you just looked and saw that this was a desk; it means to look well at things; to notice if anything is unusual about it. When you observe a bird von notice its color, shape, size and how it walks or flies. When you have observed flower you can tell its color, how it grows, what sort of leaves it has, and whethen it was on dry or moist ground. A person who observes thinks about the things he sees.

"One thing to observe during vacation is the flowers that grow by the road side. See if any are new to you; try to find new ones and the names of them; if you should come across any that no one around could name, name them yourselves. Do you know how lovely it is to find out the places where the nicest wild flowers grow? It's just delightful. Then you can notice the birds, too. If the boys have a mind to climb up and observe the eggs, all right, but don't take them nor trap the birds unlets you feel perfectly willing for somebody to come along and trap your brother or sister, perhaps the baby, or else your father or mother. Observe, but don't be cruel.

"Another way that is capital fun is to study entomol-

"Another way that is capital fun is to study entomology."

"What's entomology?" piped in the inquisitive Johnny.

"Entomology means an account of insects. Unless you have tried it you would never believe what fine chances you have in your own yards or gardens to observe insects. A lady entomologist says that her observations for four summers were inside the limit of an acre of ground in the heart of a noisy town. In a bit of woodland which formed part of this acre she found several spiders before unknown. She was very much interested in these, and dug down to find their homes and learn all she could about their habits. Those of you that are not afraid of bugs and spiders" (she looked over toward the girls and smiled) "might try and see what you can find. You will find the best specimens in rather dark places. A mossy bank is an extra good place, if it is shady. Under an old log is another. Being beginners, you might mark out two square yards, or even one, and try, gradually, to learn all about the insects that make their homes there. You can look in the back of Webster's unabridged dictionary where there are a number of pictures of bugs and beetles; the numbers refer to descriptions of the pictures in the body of the book, and ask your friends about books on just what you happen to be interested in: Sometimes they may be able to tell you a great deal beside. Now, it's twelve o'clock and school is out for all summer. Success to the observers, and a happy vacation to all!"

A SCHOOL IN CHINA.

One day, Tsay, my young Chinese companion, and I went to a Chinese boys' school. It was in the temple of the joss, or god, Man-Chang. There were twenty-five or thirty boys; and we could hear them studying their lessons before we had even got inside the court-yard. In a Chinese school the pupils all study aloud, and very loud too. They almost scream, and soarcaly stop for a

ent for if one stops, the master thinks he is idle, and gives him a sharp word or else a blow with a very long bamboo rod, which be keeps standing by his high

and gives him a sharp word or else a blow with a very long bamboo rod, which be keeps standing by his high chair.

The boys were dressed in blue tunics and seated on stools, with their backs to the teacher, and when one was called to say his lessons he came up and turned round with his back to the teacher, while he repeated it. But Chinese boys do not study arithmetic, geography and grammar, as our boys do. They simply learn to say the words of the language, y lote, and afterward learn to repeat, in the same way, the verses and maxims from the Four Hooks of the philosopher Confucius.

It was a strange place for a school. At the upper end of the hall was a row of seven great idols, ten feet tall. These had grotesque faces, and were black and grimy with the smoke of fixense and joss-sticks, which had been burned before them. They were images of Man-Chang, Tpenhow and other gods and goddeases. On each side of the hall was a row of fifteen smaller statues or images of Chinese philosophers and sages. In one corner was an enormous drum, set on a low table, and in the opposite corner was a large bell set on a pedestal. This bell was at least four feet in height, but had no tongue. A hammer with a long handle stood near to use in striking it. After a while the master gave it a light stroke, though it made a heavy, dismal sound. At this the boys rushed out to get their breakfast.

The beys go to school before sunrise, and study till ten o'clock in the forenoon. Then they have an hour for breakfast. At eleven they enter school again and stay till five in the afternoon; and at lamp-lighting they have again to assemble and remain till nine in the evening. Altogether it makes up fully eleven hours per day, and they have to study aloud all that time, too. I wonder what boys in the United States would think of such application as this.—Youth's Companion.

. Leave it alone, if you cannot improve it.

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THE SARATOGA MEETINGS.

The sessions of the American Institute and of the National Educational Association, held at Saratoga July 11, opened with an address of welcome by R. J. Milligan, President of the village. Presidents W. A. Mowey and G. J. Orr responded.

A Nominating Committee were appointed : S. S. Green, R. I; C. C. Rounds, Me.; E. R. Ruggles, N. H.; J. Dart, Vt.; A. G. Boyden, A. P. Stone, Mass.; D. W. Camp, Ct.; also one on Resolutions: W. H. Buckham, Vt.; M. C. Fernold, Me.; C. P. Hall, N. H.; T. W. Bickwell, and L. Dunton, Mass.; Geo. Church, R. I.

The American Institute of Instruction.

Pres. Mowry gave his annual address, "What schools will do for the pupils." He believed that man would do the commonest work better for being educated.

LIMITS OF ORAL INSTRUCTION. Supt. Dickinson of Mass., read a paper on this subject. He said that oral instruction did not mean talking. The learner studies, but his mental operations stop on the forms of speech to which they are directed. He recites his lessons, but this is no more than to reproduce the forms of speech which he has learned. This unproductive result is due to that method of teaching which presents to pupils words instead of things. When the memorizer of text books leaves school to take hold of real life, and is put in independent activity in dealing with things, he finds his faculties have not been trained to deal with things.

Discussions by Messrs. Hoose, Greenough, Lyon, Dunton, and White followed.

EDUCATION OF WOMEN.

Mr. John Tetlow of Boston, said that it was a grave question to be carefully considered in the education of girls, whether the lack of physical exercise was not a serious impediment. The success of the efforts now making for the higher education of women will depend largely on the success with which the physical education of growing girls is "Self-Consciousness in Education," by Rev. E. T.

conducted. It was important to grant greater lati- Jeffries of Pa. He said we cannot teach a child tude to girls in the direction of outdoor sports and to encourage such reforms in dress as will render these sports not only possible but pleasurable.

Supt. Ellis of Rochester, thought girls were able to do as much study as boys.

Supt. Hancock of Ohio, thought one effect of educating boys and girls together was, the boys had too little to do and the boys too little; to accomplish this the girls must take more exercise.

Pres. Marvin of Kansas, was certain that boys nd girls could be well educated together. Mr. Caldwell of Missouri, said Oberlin had solved

the problem of co-education

Mr. Richards of Washington, said that woman would receive the same education if she had the same physical advantages. MORAL EDUCATION.

Mrs. Anna G. Spencer, Florence, Mass., said that there had been a great increase in juvenile frivolity, bad manners, and crime. The primary school is really a mission station. The best teachers should be in the lowest schools; and kindergartens must be increased, and hand-work extended into the lower grades of the primary school.

In the evening John B. Gough gave a fervid address on temperance.

The National Education Association.

On Wednesday morning Pres. Orr gave his inaugural address: "Let "by-gones by by-gones; let us be busy with the present;" and was followed by Prof. Brown of Tenn., "On the place of the university." He would make a distinction between the college and university every little collegiate school is not a university; the college should not be con-

founded with the university; they differ too much. Dr. Andrews of Ohio, said we had only one real university-the John Hopkins.

Prof. Barnett of Georgia, discussed several subjects, and Supt. Hancock of Ohio, Prof. Folwell of

well until we know ourselves, There is a power of introspection, and it is one of the powers of the human mind. Children should early be taught to ob-

Dr. Hoose, Prof. Buckham, Dr. Harris, and Prof. Hall discussed the subject, the latter quite clearly.

The Committees were appointed.

NATIONAL AID.

In the afternoon a joint session was held to consider the action of Congress in cutting down the appropriations to the Bureau of Education. The two associations united in strongly recommending that it receive an appropriation not less than it has hitherto received. A discussion showed that the Associations appreciate the results of the work of the Bureau the Bureau.

A resolution in favor of extending national aid to the South on the basis of illiteracy was offered by ex-Senator Patterson of N. H., and Mr. Daniels of Va., and Prof. Painter of Tenn., spoke earnestly on the subject. Passed unanimously by a rising

Resolutions were adopted to inform Congress of the conclusions and wishes or the joint convention.

Prof. Churchill gave a reading from Hamlet.

"The Country Schools" was discussed by James
P. Slade of Ill. He gave many illustrations of poor country schools and suggested a remedy. There were enough teachers, but not many who were good ones. The text-book routine is mistaken for teaching.

teaching.

In the evening Hon. Samuel Barnett of Geo., discussed the "Foundation Principles of Education."

Education leads to the accumulation of ideas. The central function of the school is knowledge. Ad-

dress long and wearisome.

The Dixon Pencil Company extended an invitation to both Associations to take an exercise through Lake George, the only expense to the teachers being the R. R. fare, \$2.00.

The American Institute.

On Thursday morning John S. Clark read the report of the Committee on Industrial Education. It recommended:

1st. The introduction into schools of broader provisions than now exist for the development of the sense of perception of pupils in regard to color, form, proportion, &c., by contact with models and with natural objects.

2nd. The more general introduction into schools of simple physical and chemical experiments, for the purpose of acquainting pupils through observation with the elements of chemical and physical science and their application in the arts.

3rd. The teaching of drawing, not as an accomplishment, but as a language for the graphic presentation of the facts of forms and of objects; for the representation of the appearance of objects, and also as a means of developing a taste in industrial design.

4th. The introduction into schools of instruction of the use of tools, not for application in any particular trade, but for developing skill of hand in the fundamental manipulations connected with the industrial arts, and also as a means of mental development.

On Thursday afternoon Prof. G. Stanley Hall read an able paper on the "Education of the Will."

On Thursday afternoon Prof. G. Stanley Hall read an able paper on the "Education of the Will."

Will is two-thirds of the character and a weak will makes a weak man. The will is usually best educated when it is left alone and permitted to develop under parental kindness and firmness. As applied to a child morality is relative. It must conform to the child's views of things. What a child is accustomed to do, he is in the habit of considering right. Some wills need to be subjugated. Fear is a potent agent in the training of a child that should not be neglected. Punishment should always be reformatory, and never vindictive; still punishment should not be given in cold blood, and without any show of feeling, as that makes the child hate the one who punishes. Other points were the training of the will to giving attention.

Prof. Dunton, of the Boston Normal School, read a paper on "Oral Instruction." He derided the old practice of memorizing text books, condemning exclusive oral teaching, and making a strong plea for the golden mean.

Discussed by Messrs. Marble, Coffin, McAllister, White, Hoose, Dunton. The latter took strong ground for teaching pupils to take care of their bodies.

Prof. Churchhill read a paper on "Elocution." Elocution is not eloquence, but an essential part of it. As a study, it has reference to the communication of ideas into the minds and hearts of others by means of audible and visible symbols of thought.

RELIGION IN THE SCHOOLS.

In the evening Rev. A. J. F. Behrends maintained

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that the Bible and religion had a place in the schools. It was well written and well delivered.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Geo.
A. Walton, Pres., Henry Barnard and others Vice Presidents, R. C. Metcalf, Sec. Mr. Mowry handed the gavel to Mr. Walton in a neat speech.

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

On Friday morning T. W. Bicknell reported the ction of the National Council of Education.

Pres. W. W. Folwell of Minn., read an address a the "Secularization of Education."

Prof. T. H. Carlisle of S. C., read a paper on the rive system opposing it.

prize system, opposing it.

Prof. Brown of Tufts College, explained the "Delsarte System of Expression."

The election of officers resulted as follows: E. T. Tappan, Prest., W. E. Sheldon, Sec., N. A. Calkins, Treas.

DEPARTMENT MEETINGS.

The Industrial Education Department was addressed by Geo. T. Fairchild of Kansas. It was discussed by Messrs. Daniels and White.
Prof. C. M. Woodword of St. Louis read a paper on "Manual Labor Schools." It was discussed by Messrs. Youmans and Marvel.
Prof. E. E. White spoke relative to "National Industrial Colleges."

John M. Bloss, State Supt. of Indiana, addressed the Department of Elementary Schools. Discussion followed by Messrs. Richards, Sheldon and Miss

Prof. Geo. P. Brown of Indiana, read a paper on the "Use of the Memory in Elementary Educa-

Miss Carrie B. Sharpe of Indiana, read a suggestive paper on "How to Improve the Schools." Discussed by Messrs. Peaslee, Boyton, and Souford.

Prof. J. H. Wright of Dartmouth College addressed the department of Higher Instruction, and was followed by Prof. Glenn on "Man the Invenor Man the Machine." Discussion by Messrs. Moss,

normal schools suffer from conservatism, from re-taining the methods of the past. They suffer also because they do not sympathize with the masses; they do not furnish instruction to the masses of the teachers, but aim at what is called higher work. There must be a comprehension of the methods and ideas of the new education. Professorships of pedagogy in colleges are well enough, but Horace Mann and David Page aimed at the teachers of the

country school, and so must we if we would do the work that is needed.

Prof. Beard of Pa., said the normal schools must give academic instruction—they taught arithmetic, etc., better than the high schools.

A. M. Kellogg said they should furnish the professional instruction needed to students of each and every class and cited the teachers' classes.

professional instruction needed to students of each and every class, and cited the teachers' classes of N. Y. academies. If they could give professional instruction to their classes, the normal schools could give it to their lowest classes.

Mr. Speer of Kansas, said the normal schools of that State were swept away, because they gave only academic instruction.

JOINT MEETING.

On Friday evening both Conventions assembled, and speeches were made by Supt. Patterson, N. H., Profs. Dibble and Carlisle, S. C., John Hitz (Swiss Consul), Prof. E. E. Hewitt of Ill., Supt. Gilmour of New York, Henry Barnard of Conn., ex-Prest. Orr and Mowry, and Prests. Tappan and Walton. The doxology was sung and adjournment followed.

EXCURSIONS.

The "Dixon Pencil Co." gave a splendid excursion to Lake George, including a dinner in the grove at Fort Ticonderoca, and made all their friends perfectly happy. About 500 only went on this. Another, 400 strong, went to Mount McGregor. Another to Thousand Islands. Another to Niagara

Discussed by Messrs. Marble, Coffin, McAllister, White, Hoose, Dunton. The latter took strong round for teaching pupils to take care of their round for teaching pupils and the Intervention, and the Intervention of Man the Intervention, and the Intervention of Man the In

SHORT-SIGHTEDNESS.

"How many children there are who are nearsighted!" is an exclamation frequently heard, and "What is the cause?" is a question that has excited the attention of many of the most prominent physicians in this and other countries.

"Shortsightedness has increased to so great an extent among the youths at the great Government School in France, that a committee was appointed some time ago to inquire into the subject. In their report the committee point out that the cause of the prevalence of the infiirmty is to be found in the fact that the school books are printed in too small type, and that printing on white paper is still more hurtful.—N. Y. Sun.

A committee of physicians in Philadelphia a few years since also made a report of a similar character.

Why do our children complain of tired eyes and dull headache it is a question frequently asked by parents. We feel confident it is mainly caused

by the constant use of highly finished white paper in our schools.

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VASSAR COLLEGE.

In the spring of 1860, Mr. Mathew Vassar, then nearly seventy years of age, determined to carry out his long cherished plan of founding a model school for young women. The followcherished plan of founding a model school for young women. The following winter a charter was obtained from the Legislature of the State of New York. It said:—The object and purpose of said corporation are hereby declared to be, to promote the education of young women in literature, science, and the arts.

Immediately after the incorporation

science, and the arts.

Immediately after the incorporation Mr. Vassar formally transferred from his own custody to that of the Trustees, bonds and mortgages, certificates of stock, and a deed of conveyance, representing more than \$408,000. The land conveyed to the Trustees by the founder consisted of two hundred acres. At the beginning of the year 1865, the College building stood complete. An Astronomical Observatory had also been erected, and a spacious gymnasium including a riding-school. It opened with more than three hundred students, a faculty of eight professors, besides the President and Lady Principal, and twenty assistant teachers in the various departments of iners in the various departments of in-struction. Four of the faculty and all the assistants were women

stories in height, and the connecting floor; on either side of the vestibule (v) portions are four stories in height. Within the edifice are six independent dwellings for resident officers; accommodations for about four hundred students; apartments for a full these are thrown back at one time, dred students; apartments for a full



THE OBSERVATORY.

complement of managers and servents; twenty-four feet in width, and more suites of rooms for class recitations, than one hundred feet in length. In lectures, and instruction in music and painting; a chapel; dining-hall; parsons may be seated at a table. Back of it is the carving-room, equipped and art gallery, philosophical apparatus for keeping

The A as a It of

of the college building, is the Observatory, standing on the summit of a
knoll, at the eastern verge of the
Campus, about two hundred feet
higher than the Hudson River.
Southward of the Observatory, and
three hundred and fifty feet east of
the college building, is the steam and
gas house; steam sufficient is sent
through an iron main to give to all
the buildings a temperature not lower
than sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit;
gas also is distributed through the
various buildings.
The Gymnasium, contains rooms for

gas also is distributed through the various buildings.

The Gymnasium, contains rooms for a Riding-School, Calisthenic Hall and Bowling-Alley; a Society Hall, Musicrooms, and apartments for employees. The centre building was occupied by the arena of the Riding School, and is sixty by one hundred and twenty feet in area and forty-six feet in height. This has since been made into a museum. About a thousand feet west of the College building, is the Gate-lodge. It includes a dwelling on each side, and is built in the same general style as the College edifice.

The college opened, but many important questions remain to be considered, which time and experience only could determine. There were no established precedents for a woman's college. All was theory, and opinions



THE ART GALLERY

The main edifice is five hundred feet ratus, laboratories, cabinets of Nain length, with a breadth through the tural History, and all other appurtecentre of about two hundred feet. It ances of a first-class college. Also is constructed of dull red brick, the joints pointed with black mortar. The centre building and the wings are five

The second story is the principal



THE CENTRAL DOUBLE STAIRWAY

everything for the table warm. Next were divided. The founder had no to it is the dish-pantry. On the third story, is the chapel, directly over the dining-hall. And six hundred persons may be comfortably seated in it.

About eight hundred feet portheast

DO SOMETHING. If the world seems cold to you, Kindle fires to warm it;

Let their comfort hide from you

Hearts as frozen as your own
To that radiance gather;
You will soon forget to moan,
"Ah! the cheerless weather!"

If the world's a "vale of tears," Smile till rainbows span it; Breathe the love that life endears

Clear from clouds to fan it.

Of your gladness lend a gleam

Show them how dark sorrow's stream

YOUR OWN BUSINESS .- Minding one's

own business is often spoken of as if it

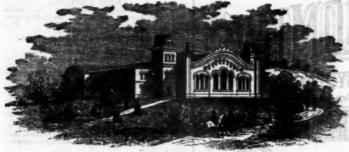
Blends with hope's bright river!

Unto souls that shiver;

Winters that deform it.

The problem, then, was to devise a system of true liberal education for women. What should it be?

A plan was outlined, and published as a "prospectus" in the spring of 1865. It offer d instruction in all the branches of a collegiate course, but prescribed no the professors and students. He was



THE MUSEUM.

were thoroughly grounded in any

thing.

It became more and more clear that It became more and more clear that a system was most urgently demanded. That it should be a perfect system was less important than that it should be definite and fixed. The young women who, all over the land, were urging so importunate a claim for the means of more thorough culture should first of all be taught with the state of the system. all be taught what are the unalterable conditions of a thorough culture, alike

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GATEWAY AND PORTER'S LODGE

all be taught what are the unalterable conditions of a thorough culture, alike for women and for men, and should be held to those conditions just as young men are held, whether they "liked" the discipline or not. Before the close of the year, the faculty found themselves supported in their desire for a property is about one million of dollars.

ment or other; the rest is no business of ours; it is the business of others." And back of this, there is the word of our Lord to the disciple who would know the future of a fellow disciple: "What is that to thee? Follow thou me."

"How are you and your girl coming on?" asked a Galveston man of a colored beau. "She has run me off, boss." "What's the matter?" "I is to blame, boss. I gib her a splendid white dress and den she got so proud she hadn't no use for me. She lowed I was too dark to match her dry goods."

AT a convention of dime novel writers held in New York the other day it was unanimously resolved not to introduce in their works of fiction hereafter any boy as hero who has not robbed his father of \$5,000, tortured his little brother, served six months in iail, set fire to a neighbor's house, committed highway robbery, and run away from home to exterminate Indians.

"THE candles you sold me last week vere very bad," said Jerrold to a tallow chandler. ", Indeed, sir, I am very sorry for that." "Yes, do you know they burnt to the middle and then would burn no longer." "You surprise me What, sir, did they go out?" " No, sir, no; they burnt shorter !"

"Goods at half price," said the sign. How much is that teapot?" asked an old " Fifty cents, mum," was the relady. sponse. "Guess I'll take it," she said throwing down a quarter. The sign was taken in.

" No perceptible change," said he, as he read the headlines in the evening paper. "No, nor there hasn't been any for a week," said she, turning his vest pockets inside out," and if some isn't forthcoming pretty quick, there'll be trouble."

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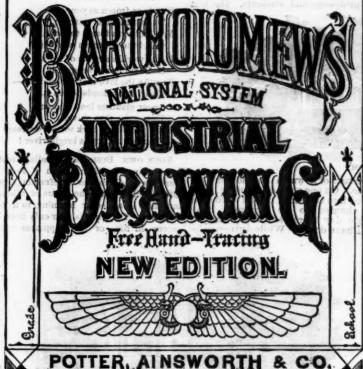
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rom memory, drawings from examples given on the lackboard.

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Book XI.—The variadle spiral, another curve new to the pupil, is given in this book, with many examples in which this curve is found.

Book XII.—In this book the study of design is formally introduced. Plant-forms are given from nature.

formally introduced. Finite turns are given been nature.

Book XIII.—In this book the study is continued.

Book XIV.—In this number the use of instruments is taught. The study of a plied design is also a feature of this book.

Book XV.—This book affords opportunity for further study and practice on subjects presented in No. XIV.

Book XVI.—The Subject of practical perspective introduced in this number. And in connection with these exercises the pupil is to draw from objects.

objects.

Book XVII.—The study of practical perspective is continued in this book. In this number the rules relating to light, shade and shadow, are explained, and their application illustrated in a series of practical exercises. tical exercises.

Book XVIII. and XIX.—In these numbers the subject of linear perspective will be continued; the drawings being made, by the use of instruments, from plans and elevations.

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FOR THE SCHOLARS.

ARABI BEY, SIZZO OHW

All the world is watching every movement of this man with fear or anxiety. His history is so far quite a curious one. About fifty years ago there lived in the Delta of Egypt, near a small hamlet called El-Wijh, a farmer of some means whose wife had no children. So he sent eastward among some wandering tribes and obtained another wife. a Bedouin girl. By this wife he had a son and he was called El-Arabi, (the Arab) because his mother was an Arab; his father called him Ahmad. After having been taught reading and writing, Ahmad, was taken by his father to the great mosque university of Eleanar, at Cano, and antered as a student. Then he was tangen, first of all the theology of the Mahometans; and afterwards the civil law.

civil law.

But, El-Arabi did not like a student's life. He preferred a life of deeds to a life of reading at the hands of the professors. He left the mosque and entered the army of the Khedive of Egypt. And our civil war coming on, cotton rose greatly in price throughout Egypt, and El-Arabi grew rich by the cotton raised on his estate, which he had received from his father.

Arabi was not greatly favored by the then Khedive of Egypt, Ismael Pasha. He did not rise above the rapk of a major. His ambition had led him on three different occasions to endeavor to obtain the rank of Bey or Colo-

or a major. His amount and red him on three directar occasions to endeavor to obtain the rank of Bey or Colo-nel. But, Ismael replied to those advocating the cause of Arabi's promotion with the words: "If I create him a colonel, he will create a revolt in the regiment under his command in less than six months."

his command in less than six months."

Ismael was deposed by the Sultan; and soon after Tewfik, his son, came to be ruler; he bestowed upon Arabi the rank and title of Bey. Then he was made minister of war and now he began to show his ability. He thought he could induce Tewfik to resign by frightening him; then Tewfik's son only seven years old would be Khedive; then Arabi would really be the ruler of Egypt. He is now a soldier and scholar, learned in the arts of war. He is beloved by the army as a bold and fearless warrior, and has the good wishes of the Mahometans, or they are sure that he will use his sword for the onor and glory of God, and to the great good of the Arab world. Watch him.—Scholar's Companion:

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Dr. Chas. T. Mitchell, Canandaigua, N. Y., says: "The inkits a great restorer of brain force or nervous energy."

AUGUST BIRTHDAYS.

It will be pleasant for the scholars to find out some thing about the lives of those whose birthdays fall on

the days in August.

August 1st.—Richard Henry Dana, born in Massachusetts, in 1815. He wrote "Two Years Before the Mast" from his own experience as a common sailor.

August 4th.—Percy Bysshe Shelley, born in England, 792. He wrote many beautiful poems and two novels. Read his verses to the skylark beginning, "Hail to thee, blithe spirit."

August 9th. Jehn Dryden, poet laureate to England orn in 1681.

August 13th.—Robert Southey, English author, 1774. Tuere was air account of his life on page 130 of the May

ugust 15th. -Napoleon Bonaparte, 1769, Emperor of France.-Walter Scott, born in England, 1771. He wrote several long poems, "Marmion," "Lady of the Lake," and others, but his prose writings are considered the best.

ugust 20 th.-Robert Herrick, English poet, 1591. Read his poems to flowers.

August 28th.-Goethe, born in Germany, 1749, author "Faust." Read "The Story of Goethe's Life," by Lewes.

August 29th.—Oliver Wendell Holmes, born in 1809. Mr. Whittier says in a poem written for Holmes' tieth birthday:

"Long may he live to sing for us His sweetest songs at evening time And like his chambered Nautilus, To holier heights of beauty climb."
—Scholar's Companion.

WOODPECKERS.

The peculiar features of the woodpeckers are found in the construction of the beak, the feet, and tail. The beak is constructed for chipping away the bark and wood, the feet enables them to hold fast to the trunk, and the tall supports them. Their beaks are long, powerful, straight, and pointed; their feet, formed for grasping, are set far back upon the body.; their tails are short and stiff, and act as props when pressed upon the

rough bark. Often, in walking through the woods or orchards, there will be seen strewn in profusion, at the foot of a tree, flakes of bark and chips of wood, sure signs of the woodpecker's industry. Under these flakes

foot of a tree, flakes of bark and chips of wood, sure signs of the woodpecker's industry. Under these flakes insects and their larvæ found shelter, so that in reality, instead of being an enemy to the farmer, he is one of his most faithful servents.

They will excavate tunnels in apparently sound and undecayed wood, boring through several inches, till they reach the decayed portions of the center of the tree, and here they will make their nests.

The burrowing powers of the great, giant, gray-bellied woodpecker are marvelous; its chisel-like beak having been known to chip splinters from a mahogany table, and to cut a hole fifteen inches in width threagh a lath-and-plaster partition. Even the small downy woodpecker is able to bore its way through solid wood of a tree, making an ingenious nest, the burrows sloping for some six or eight inches, then being driven perpendicularly down the tree. The tunnel is barely wide enough to admit of the passage of the body of the bird. But the perpendicular hole is roomy, and is fitted up in style. The male and female woodpeckers labor alternately in the burrowing and making of the nest, but they find an implacable enemy in the saucy little wren, who, when the woodpeckers' apartments are ready for occupancy, coolly takes possession, and holds them against the builders and proprietors, notwithstanding their vehement and noisy expostulations.—Scholar's Companion.

IT HAS DONE WONDERFUL THINGS FOR HER.

IT HAS DONE WONDERFUL THINGS FOR HER.

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OVID, SELECTIONS FROM THE METAMORPHOSIS. With Explanatory Notes and a Vocabulary. By George Stuart, A. M., Prof. of Latin, Central High School. Philadelphia: Eldredge & Bro. Price, \$1.35, To teachers, for examination, \$1.

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> The contents of Lippincott's Magazine for August are suggestive of mountain rambles and sea-side ex-"St. Jerome's Day with the Pueblo In cursions. dians" is an illustrated paper descriptive of a halfreligious, half-barbaric festival in New Mexico. "An Adirondack Home," by P. Deming, shows close observation, quite humor, and sympathetic treatment of the primitive freshness and quaint features of life in the wilderness. "The Romance of Childhood," by Henry A. Beers, is a charming paper, tingled with a delicate fancy, by turns tender and playful. Mrs. M. G. Van Rensselaer's concludes her paper on the Alleghanies. "Bay Beauties and Bay Breezes," by P. V. Huyssoon, is amusing; an article on "Shires and Shire Towns in the South," by Anthony Van Wyck, traces the influence of these territorial divisions on the social habits and political ideas in the Southern States.

> The full page illustrations by Abbey, which opens the August Harper's deserves framing. Especially suitable for summer reading is the article which follows on "Some western resorts," by John A. Butler; the illustrations give glimpses of beautiful and little known spots-rivers woods, rocks, cascades, etc. The fourth paper on "Spanish Vistas" deals with the architecture of Seville. Julian Hawthorne, Mrs. Gustafson and Miss Macfarlane contribute short stories; Wm. Winter and Edgar Fawcett, poems.

> The August Century carries the interested readers of Mrs. Burnett's and Mr. Howells' serials through several chapters. There is a delightful paper by Cosmo Monkhouse on "Some English Artists and Studios," "The Border-lands of Surrey," deservee wide attention. "Steam Yatching in America" will please many.

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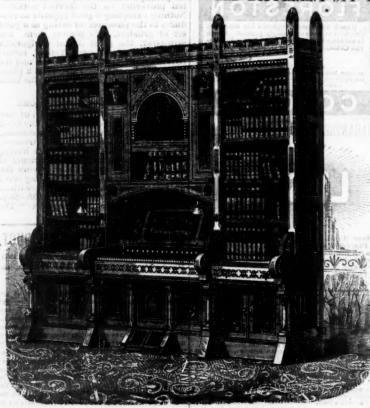
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DIXON'S AMERICAN GRAPHITE PENCILS.

Teachers, superintendents, drawing-teachers, attention! The Dixon Company appeals to you in behalf of the Dixon American graphite pencils. The first Dixon encil was sold November, 1872, and in less than ten years they have become celebrated. More Dixon pencils are now used by the schools of America than of any one other brand. Their ambition is that they shall become the distinctive American pencil. Why not? The pencils are the product of an American industry; the works are located in Jersey City, N. J.; the graphite mines in Ticonderoga and the cedar forests and mills in Florida. With the best materials, the most modern machinery, public-school trained workmen, we challenge the world in point of perfection of the leads, their uniformity, their toughness, their freedom from grit and for the unexcelled mechanical workmanip of the wood. As a striking coincidence it may here be mentioned that every man sharing the management of the Pencil Company, and every head of a department is a graduate of an American public or private school.

LUSTRO!

Housekeepers will be glad to know that for restoring the luster to faded nickel and silver-plate the new preparation "Lustro" stands unrivalled. It gives the most satisfactory results, and many testimonials have been given to the effect that it cleans better, quicker and with less labor than anything of the kind ever used before.

than anything of the kind ever used before. The medal of superiority, the Highest and Only One of the kind made at the American Institute Fair, was awarded Thomson, Langdon & Co. The Thomson Patent Glove-Fitting Corsets are acknowledged to be the best made, and stand at the front in all markets. Their superior shape, fit, flexibility, durability, and strength are well understood by wearers, and they are therefore the most popular corsets in the country. This firm stands at the head of this industry in America and Europe.

That Dr. Holman's Pad is a genuine remedy, without taking doses of medicine into the stomach, is a solid, well proven and happy fact. There is no doubt or question about it. Everybody knows it, everybody understands it, everybody appreciates it.

*The celebrated Vegetable Compound for females, which within a few years has made the name of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham known in every part of the civilized world, relieves suffering by the safe and sure method of equalizing the vital forces and thus regulating the organic .unctions. It is only by such a method that disease is ever arrested and removed.

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Prefer SOZODONT to every other article for the TEETH. because nothing renders those ornaments of the mouth so spotless, or imparts such an agreeable odor to the breath. Moreover, rience proves the article to be perfectly wh e, which cannot be said of all dentifrices.

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WARD OFF AND CURE DISEASE,

Preserve good health, retain and improve the elegance of the figure, should give them an immediate trial. It has been found that electric treatment makes the muscles and tissues more plastic and rielding, and it is argued from this that Ladies who wear these corrects will have no difficulty in moulding the figure to any desired form, without tight incing. A tendency to extreme fatness or leanness is a disease which, in most cases, these articles will be found to core. The Cornets do not differ in appearance from those usually worn, but are made of superior materials and are elegant in shape (see cut). They are worn the same, and it the same, but give a more graceful figures. In place of the ordinary steel busks in front, and a rib or two at the back, Dr. Boott inserts steel magnetic power into constant contact with all the vital organs, and yet preserve that aymmetry and lightness so destrable in a good corect or girdle. Being made with botter material and workmanning than any correct sold, they are doing good, never harm, there is no she to or the same quality, differing only size. The material is white, fine in texture, beautifully embroidered and trimmed. Their power can always be tested by a silver compans which accompanies each correct and girdle.



Most of the above Remarks apply equally to

The Electric Girdle for Gentlemen. It is a long felt want, possessing wonderful curative powers and life giving properties. The debilitated particularly should wear thum at close, and those now enjoying robust health should also war them as a preventative of disease. They brace up and invigorate the whole sys-tem, and their vitalizing influence is quickly feit.

These articles are specially recommended in all cases of Deblitty, Nervous Complaints, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver and Kidney troubles, Maiaria, Impaired Circulation, and where there is a lack of vigor and failing health.

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ELEGANCE.

hardly a disease which ity and Magnetism will fit or cure. Dr. W. A. HAMMOND, of N. Y.,

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slok or well, to wear?"
"these corsets and gir-"
"dies. They perform as-"
tonishing cures, invigo-"
"rate the whole system."
"and prevent disease."

We will send either the Corset or Girdle, on trial, postpaid, on receipt of \$3.66, which will be returned if not as represented. Be careful to send exact size of waist, menaured causide the lines.

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They can be made in Chocks, Drafts, Post Office Orders, Currency, or Stamps. Lineral Discours to the Thads. Agents Wanted in every tewn. Send for circular of Dr. Scott's Electric Brushes.



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Winding Watch, with the celebrated Anchor Lever, Expansion Balance, Fully Jeweled.

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To any suffering with Catarrh or Bromhitis who earnostly, desire ritlet, I can turnish a means of Permanent and Pos-flive Care. A Home Treatment. No charge for consultation by mail. Valuable Treatise Proc. "Ils remodes are the outgrowth



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Usual literary courses, with Musical Institute and Commercial College. Founded 1802. Both seres. Influences decidedly religious, home care and comforts. Charmingly located on Narraganett lay, and on direct route from N. Y. to Boston. Grand opportunities for salt-water bathing and boating. Terms moderate. Catalogue free, Rev. F. D. BLARKESLEE, Principal, East. Greenwich, R. I.

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Nothing like these pictures have ever been given as premiums to any publication in the World. OVER \$100 WORTH ONLY \$1. A Fifteen Dollar Oleograph of GEN. JAMES A. GARFIELD. This picture is not a chear Chromo, but has sold for fifteen dollars a copy in New York City. A Ten Dollar Oleograph, entitled

"PUSS IN BOOTS." This is the picture that has created such a furor in the city during the past three months, and that has met with such an immense sale at ten dollars

per copy. FOUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS, a description of which will be found further on, and which have sold at twenty dollars per copy.

ACENTS ARE HAVING THE MOST REMARKABLE SUCCESS EVER KNOW

Read all of this circular, then if you decide you cannot engage in the business, please hand it to some friend who would like to make money fast and easily.

TO THE PERSON ADDRESSED.

We are going to make you the greatest offer in this circular that we have ever made, and we would kind-ty ask you to read these s pages entirely through, then if you decide that you cannot engage with us, we would be very glad if you would kindly hand this to some friend or neighbor who would like to make

money.

We are now offering to the public something never before offered in this country: and we know that agents are destined to make more money than they ever thought it possible to make.

OUR MAMMOTH PUBLICATION

with the premiums we give this year surpasses any-thing ever before offered. We have spent thousands of dollars in getting out these premiums, and do not hesitate to say that they are the finest ever produced. We know very well that several cheap daubs of chromos have been sold and given away throughout the country as a likeness of our late Fresident,

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

The picture we now offer is just out. It is made by an entirely new process, and it has never been sold for less than ifteen dollars. We will give a descrip-tion further on.

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is one of the most artistic and attractive now published. It is replete with beautiful illustrations and choice literature. No expense is spared to make this publication one of the finest in the world. It is ably edited, and contains an Illustrated Francison Department, fashion letters and notes. It contains stories, poems, sketches, attrictics, asseful information, household notes, the kitchen, garden, toilet, children's department, Subbath reading, etc., etc., in fact everything tha toan be is done to make the magnatine worth more than the subscription price without regard to the premium.

OUR BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS

are the finest ever given out, and are sure to take at every house you visit. Not one person in a thousand will allow you to go out without subscribing.

NO CHROMOS GIVEN.

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We have taken an entirely new departure, and now offer premiums never before offered by any publisher. You will find that

RIDEOUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

and the new premiums take better than anythi

you ever canvassed for, and we will guarantee you can make more money than at anything else.

EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS.

Our agents are having the most remarkable success ever known. One agent who sent for our outfit took ninety-one subscribers out of one hundred houses which he called at. Another agent took

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THREE SUBSCRIBERS IN A SINGLE DAY.

We do not say that all can do as well as this, but any one can make first-class pay, and the work is easy and honorable.

OUR OLD AGENTS WANTED.

We want all of our old agents to send and get an outfit at once and commence work, and we know you
can do an immense business.

We also want every one who receives this circular
to read it carefully, and then send for an outfit and
try the business, you can then see how easy it is to
make money; but before proceeding further we will
give you a slight description of what we give the
people for one dollar.

Premium No. 1 is a beautiful oleograph, size 20x28, of our late President.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

This artistic picture is 90x28 inches in size, and is so beautifully executed that it is difficult to tell it from a real oil painting. It is made by a new process of which we are the inventors, and the work is much superior to an oil chromo. This oleograph is made from the photograph which Mrs. Garfield sent to Queen Victoria, and is pronounced by her to be the best likeness ever made of Gen. Garfield.

A good picture of Gen. Garfield is wanted, and when people can get a fifteen dollar picture for one they will be sure to grasp the opportunity.

All sections of the country, north, south, east, and west, of every race and politics, will want this picture, be they Republican or Democrat, white or black. Genius, honesty, patriotism, and ability are recognized throughout this entire land, and Gen. Garfield's name will go down to future generations with that of Washington and Lincoln.

For more than six months have we been at work upon this picture, and it gives us pleasure to be able to place in the hands of a generous American people a picture so expellent, so lifelike, and so valuable as to be worthy of a beautiful frame, and which will be handed down to future generations as a memento of the year 1851.

Premium No. 2 is a beautiful oleograph, size.

Premium No. 2 is a beautiful oleograph, size

PUSS IN BOOTS.

This is one of the most popular pictures ever introduced into the United States. It was first imported from Paris, and there has never been sold to our knowledge a single copy for less than ten dollars. By our eleograph process we have been able to produce the exact picture in the exact colors, and we defy the best art critics in the world to tell one from

the other. We have spent a great deal of time and money in getting out this subject, but we feel well repaid for our trouble.

"Puss in Boots" is represented by a beautiful kitten which has crawled into one of a pair of old brogan boots, and as she sits there with head and forepaws just emerging from the top, you would almost think it a live pussy.

The expression, color, position, and everything connected with the picture have been brought out in the most perfect style.

Me description can de this picture justice, but if you do not say that it is one of the most beautiful subjects you ever saw we will make you a present of ten dollars. We are sure it will more than please every subscriber, and every one that subscribes can feel assured that the picture has a market value of ten dollars.

Premium No. 3 is a beautiful steel engraving, size 17x34, entitled

SEE-SAW.

SEE-SAW.

This engraving is one of the most pleasing we ever saw. It is a real country scene laid in Germany, and one that we have all seen in our younger days.

We will give a short description.

A party of young people have gathered beneath the branches of some huge trees, and have placed a plank across a fallen log, and are having a game of "See-Saw." Do you know what that is? Frobably all of you have played it, but perhaps under another name. Two of the boys have got on the plank, one on each end, and the older or heavier boy, whose end is down, is holding the smaller high in the air on the other end of the plank. The little fellow seems to be in great fear, much to the amusement of the other children. In the distance is shown the old farmhouse, surrounded by trees and shrubbery. This picture will at once interest and amuse people, and when framed it is worth \$56.00 in any house.

Premium No. 4 is a beautiful engraving, size 17x34, entitled

RESIGNATION.

This picture is by one of our most celebrated artists, and the original oil painting sold for a large sum.

The engraving has been very much admired by all who have seen it, and we certainly think it one of the most beautiful we have ever seen.

In the foreground stands a female figure nearly the full size of the engraving.

In the distance is seen the mountains, at the foot of which rests a beautiful lake, while still nearer the foreground among the trees and shrubbery a wreath-covered cross stands at the head of a grave. The woman has been to place a wreath upon the grave of her departed, and as she now stands facing us with uplifted face her beautiful eyes seem to say "Thy will be done." It is certainly one of the finest figures and most beautiful faces we ever saw. The artist has done his work well, and the picture tells its own story. It has been much admired by all who have seen it—and we are sure it will please all.

Premium No. 5 is a charming engraving, size

CAN'T YOU WALK!

This engraving was produced from the English, and has been a popular subject first introduction into this city. Only a is have been sold and those brought \$30 per ca.

This engraving represents a beautiful you about eight years, trying to learn her youg to walk. She has stooped down and take the fore paws and is making him walk upon legs. The mother lies in the doorway a watching the pair, while the little puppy sen in great fear.

The grouping of this picture and the first work make it very interesting and attractive in the changes of the puppy in the price of a subscript the Magazine.

Premium No. 6 is a fine engraving,

BABY'S BETTER.

BABY'S BETTER.

Evidently Baby has been sick and is next iting better. The seene is laid in a heautiful among the flowers. Baby is sitting on "tete-a-tete" and her mother is kneeling by and has clasped her in a love of great joy to it her darling baby is better.

Beautiful flowers hang from branches or and the ground beneath is strewn with the cannot attempt to do this picture justice by ing it. It must be seen to be appreciated. "Our other five pictures make a set of the gant pictures ever given with any publical can have the set of six pictures and our lamagazine a year for only one to grand our lamagazine a year for only one premiums a large size; although we do not give as creatity as some, the quality is far superior.

We have now in a brief samperior.

The Oleographs and Engravings are the mity, choice and valued premiums are very and they are something that cannot be off any other publisher in the world.

Over \$5000 Expended.

We paid out for artists' work, experime over \$5000, before we could produce a sing the above pictures, but we now have on thousand copies of each, and we are pothey will have the greatest run ever known.

Reduced from \$1.25 to \$1.00 pery

We have always charged \$1.25 for this is and heretofore have only given two chrones minus, but we have now decided to reduce scription price to the small sum of one and give two extra large OLDOGRAPHS and is ENGRAYINGS, and at the same time we give a larger commission than ever before.

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We mail our mammoth outfit, worth at is free to all who desire to work for us; all we that you send us thirty cents to cover posses packing expenses, and agree to use the of

Read the next page.

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Oleograph, size 14x18, entitled "Puss in THE SECOND AND THE BEST PLAN

se Steel Engraving, size 17x94, entitled "See-

One Steel Engraving, size 17x34, entitled one Steel Engraving, size 17234, entitled You Walk?"

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ERAL PAY TO ALL WHO ACT AS AGENTS.

AS AGENTS.

consider you an agent as soon as you send in an for outfit and commence work. All agents will ter charge one dollar per year for the maganathe two Oleographs and four steel Eng. On each of the first twenty subscriptions on you thirty cents commission, and you have dus sevently cents with each name. You have sent us twenty subscribers, we always to keep thirty-five cents and send us but for cents for each subscribers. Now after you set us one hundred subscribers we allow you to cent us no entil the cents for each subscription you send in grout have sent us two hundred subscriptions, we you to keep forty-five cents for each subaryou send in till you have sent in three hundred was allow you send in till you have sent in three hundred was allow you to the provider of the cents of

gayou sean in three hundred, we allow you piffy cents for each and every subscriber, and we to send us but fifty cents. is the highest rate of commission we pay, and a agent has sent in three hundred subscribers, stilled to fifty cents on each and every subside he sends in thereafter.

2 you consider that our premiums are entirely at the most expensive ever given, these terms emost liberal ever made. gent has to get but three hundred subscribers he gets one half of the subscription money.

OPLE SUBSCRIBE AT SIGHT.

beautiful Magazine takes the people by storm, is as easy to get subscribers as it is to walk case to house. mae to house. erson who fails to send for an outfit to try this is making a great mistake, and somebody ept the chance and reap the harvest.

TITEEN DOLLAR OLEOGRAPH.

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TEN DOLLAR OLEOGRAPH.

picture "Puss in Boots" cannot be bought for as the above price at art any store in New it; but by our new process we are able to make by the one hundred thousand, so that we can be give one free to each and every subscriber to

COUT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE two pictures above described should be more rough to satisfy every subscriber, but we have ppsd here; in addition we give

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

Engravings are produced from the originals, the finest subjects that can be selected; but are already given you a description of them only add that they are worth as works of

Twenty Dollars Each.

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Something that is not seen every day, and as early given two chromos heretofore, and now to beautiful Oleographs, and four steel easofor \$1.00, we know just what to expect.

Thousands of Subscribers;
who cannot devote their whole time to the
swill be able to earn some pocket money,
sa great deal better than doing nothing. If
not devote all your time to the business, you
tally work home evenings and during your
time. In this way you can make quite a sum
sy.

AGENTS MANAGE THE BUSI-NESS

Two Ways of Conducting it.

we two ways or plans upon which agents conbusiness. We will present both plans and

can take your choice.

FIRST PLAN.

we send the agent a receipt for each subscriber with six pictures for each, two Oleographs and four Seed Engravings, and we commence sending Magazines to the subscribers at once. The agent, having received the Premiums and receipts, goes around again and delivers them to the subscribers and collects his money. An agent must have a little ready money, for we require that payment must accompany each list of subscribers. This will cause no inconvenience to an honest agent, for should he not happen to have

the money he can borrow it for a few days, and his profits will soon enable him to do without borrowing, and to handle the business just as he likes.

and to handle the business just as he likes.

THE SECOND AND THE BEST PLAN is to send in and pay for a number of subscriptions, receive the premiums and receipts, and then go to work and secure subscribers and deliver the premiums and receipts as you go, and thus save going over the territory a second time to deliver the same and collect your pay. For instance, when you order your outfit, or after you have received it, send to us \$66, which is \$14 for the first twenty at seventy cents each, and \$52 for the next eighty at sixty-five cents each, or \$56 for the first one hundred sets by return mail or express you will receive one hundred sets of six pictures in a set, or six hundred pictures in all, and one hundred receipts, which is an outfit for the first hundred subscription to Russour's Montelly Magazins, and all you will have to write in will be all made out and signed by us, and each good for a year's subscription to Russour's Montelly Magazins, and all you will have to write in will be the subscriber's name, etc. You can then take a package of the premiums and receipts, and go to canvassing. It being on your first hundred subscribers you have paid an average of sixty-six cents each for them, and will collect \$1 on each, and give to each subscriber a set of the six Premiums and a receipt entiting him or her to the Magazine for one year, and the work is done. Every few days you will send in the subscriber's names to us, on subscription-lists furnished you for that purpose, without any money (as you will already have paid for them), and we at once book their names and send them the Magazine for one year, the is unable to send \$66 for one hundred subscriptions, then send \$35.50 for five subscriptions, still it is the best and easiest way to conduct the business. You approach a person and show him or her the six beculful Premiums and the Magazine for a year, signed by us, and that by return mail they will get the first copy of our Magazine, and no person is going to let you leave, if they have or can get a dolla

NO DANGER OF ORDERING TOO

MANY.

You need have no fear of ordering too many subscriptions in advance, because we will guarantee you can get subscribers for all you order.

Now let us reason a moment. Suppose you send us \$66 for a hundred subscriptions in advance. You get six hundred pictures. They cost you eleven cents each, don't they? Now suppose you could not get a hundred subscribers at \$i each and you wanted to get rid of the pictures. How long would it take you to sell one hundred of the Garfield Oleographs at fifty cents each? Why, people would but hem as fast as you could hand them out. Then how long would it take you to sell one hundred of the Oleographs "Puss in Boots" at fifty cents? Well, we should say it would be a poor salesman WHO COULD NOT SELL ONE HUNDRED A DAY. Now you have paid us \$66 for the hundred sets and you have sold two hundred of the pictures for \$100 and made a profit of \$34 in two days, and you have four hundred pictures left, which, even at ten cents each, are worth \$40. So you will see you cannot run any risk in ordering one hundred sets in advance. Some of our old agents will order as high as two, three, four and five hundred sets in advance. We have lots of agents who have sent us thousands of subscriptions and who make it a business the year round. Some of them make as high as

\$1829 MADE IN THREE MONTHS.

an agent in fair territory ought to take fifty sub-scribers in a day. This has been done by some of our agents when we did not give nearly as good pre-miums as we do now. Well, supposing an agent averages fifty subscrip-ions a day, he will make

\$119 THE FIRST WEEK.

and after that he will make \$150 per week, for he has taken three hundred subscriptions the first week and is entitled to our highest rate of commission, as per terms to agents. Well, at this rate, working twenty-six days a month, he would make \$1889 in seventy-eight working days (three months). This is at the rate of

\$7316 PER YEAR.

Well, we will suppose an agent can only average twenty-five subscribers a day. That would reduce the profit one half, and the agent would only make \$3658 IN A YEAR, or \$914.50 IN THREE MONTHS.

Now we will reduce it still farther and suppose an agent can average only ten subscriptions a day, which is a very low figure indeed; then he would be making \$1463.30 A YEAR, or the snug little sum of \$365.80 FOR THREE MONTHS' WORK.

We fully believe any agent can do this and not work more than half the time. Ten subscribers a day with our mammoth publication is very small indeed, and even the greenest agent can do that if he works. An agent must work at this business the same as at anything else, and if he wants to succeed must be at work from nine in the morning till six at night. If he will do this we will guarantee success.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

are something entirely new to the people and the de mand will be immened

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

are comething entirely new in the premium line. Heretofore no publisher has been able to give steel engravings because they cost so much, but by our new process we are able to do it, and our engravings are the finest in the world.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

will so delight the people that they will subscribe at ight. The public would be glad to buy these Engravings at stores and pay five dollars per copy.

OUR NEW OLEOGRAPHS

are of mammoth size and are produced in twenty colors. They are entirely new and the two will retail at \$25.

OUR STEEL ENGRAVINGS

are very large, size 17x94 each. They are just what people want and they are the finest ever imported from Europe

A MILLION FAMILIES l want these pictures, and it will be an easy matter agents to get subscribers with our mammoth garine and beautiful premiums.

ANY BOY OR GIRL

that is large enough to carry our magazine from door to door can with our new premiums obtain subscriptions at almost every house. One agent took ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THERE SUBSCRIPTIONS in a single day. You can do as well in good territory. Take our advice and when you order an outil order twenty sets at the same time. This will start you at once and you will lose no time. Of course it is better to order more, but if you cannot order One Hundred sets order twenty.

WE WILL TAKE BACK ALL YOU CANNOT DISPOSE OF.

We feel so confident that our premiums and magasine will take better than anything ever put before the public that we hereby agree that if you order one hundred sets in advance and cannot dispose of them in a reasonable time we will take them back. Could any offer be fairer. You run no risk at all.

POSITIVELY NO CREDIT.

We are offering a large commission and cannot afford to give any credit, so don't ask it. If you do we shall have to refuse. Our business is such that we cannot give any credit. We will send premium sets and receipts by express,

COLLECT ON DELIVERY.

if you send three dollars with your order as a guarantee that you will take the Premiums and pay your express agent the balance due when you get them.

When premiums are sent by express C. O. D., you have to pay the express charges on the premiums and we pay the charges for returning the money to us. The best way is to send full amount of money with the order, either by Post-Office order or registered letter. We can then mail the sets and receipts direct to your post-office address.

NOT ONE MOMENT'S DELAY.

There will not be a moment's delay in our office. If we get an order from you in the morning, we fill it the same day. If there is any delay it must be out side our office. We always fill orders the same day as received. We know that your time is valuable and we do not intend to delay you a moment.

IS IT SAFE TO SEND US MONEY * WHAT PEOPLE SAY OF US.

A Very Few Letters From People who Know

Us.

OFFICE OF THE SPRINGFIELE
CITY PAPER CO.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 8th. 1993.
We take great pleasure in stating that we have sold E. G. Rideout & Co. a great many hundred of tons of paper for which they have pad us cash "issers. Rideout & Co. are our largest customers, and if they want \$100,000 worth on credit, we should not besitate to sell them.

We not only consider them able to do as they agree, but we also consider them perfectly honest and straightforward in every particular. We know that they are doing one of the largest and most successful publishing businesses in the country. Mossers. Rideout & Co.'s contracts with us for the next year are for the best quality of paper.

SPRINGFIELD CITY PAPER CO.

New York, September 11th, 1880.
We have been doing business with E. G. Rideout & Co. for the past five years, and in that time have sold them large amounts. They have always paid us cash, and we know that they do a larger business than any firm in their line in New York City. If they asked credit we should not hesitate to sell /hem any amount.

L. S. FRIEDBURGER & CO.

START RIGHT; THEN GO AHEAD

No agent or business man is ever successful unless be starts right. An agent to be thoroughly successful should order sets in advance, but if he cannot do that he should not fail to order an outfit. It is very unwise to go around and ask people to subscribe to our magazine, or any other publication unless you have an outfit to show.

An agent who does this cannot succeed any more than a man could to build a store and put in a stock of goods in some wilderness. Good judgment always goes a great ways in any business, and an agent should exercise good judgment as well as any business man.

IF YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT

IF YOU TAKE AN OUTFIT
You should make up your mind that you are going to work so many days, whether you make a cent or not. to atit just the same as though you had hired out for so many days at say \$2.00 per day.

If you hired out at so much per day you would expect to work at least ten hours per day, wouldn't you? and you would get, say, \$2 for the ten hours. Well, if you will order an outfit, or fifty or one hundred sense premiums to start with, we will guarance you more than \$2 per day if you will work faithfully, and we are positive you can make five times that.

We know just what we are talking about, for we have been there. The first canvassing we ever did we worked five hours without getting an order. Suppose we had got discouraged and quit then and there. We would in all probability not have been doing nearly a million dollars of business per year now. We started out to work six days, whether we made a dollar or nos, and at the end of six days found we had made \$60 over all expenses. We kept on, and although we worked hard all day, some days we did not take an order. This, clear reader, is the way it works in this kind of business. We rept on, and although we worked hard all day, some days we did not take an order. This, clear reader, is the way it works in this kind of business. We were get discouraged. Plack and energy tofil wis. Parsevers under the most trying circumstances and you will succeed in anything you undertake.

A MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR.

seems to be a large business to do, and especially when it was first started by canvassing. We are now doing at the raie of nearly a million a year and our business is constantly growing.

We now publish three monthly publications besides a large amount of books. We have nearly a half a million subscribers to our publications, and we fully expect to swell the list to nearly a million.

YOUR SPARE TIME IS WORTH

MONEY TO YOU.

Some of our greatest men have obtained both wealth and education by utilizing all their spare ments. There is not a person reading this circular but what can make large sums of money by working in the evening, or during their spare moments. If you should happen to be one of those who cannot make a business of canvassing, you can by a few hours' work earn a nice little sum for pocket money, and at the same time you will be benefiting your neighbors by placing in their hands some good and pure literature, as well as some of the finest works of art in the world.

HOW TO SEND MONEY.

Send money by registered letter, post-office order, bank draft at our risk. Personal checks will not received unless certified at the bank upon which

or oans that the bank upon which the check is drawn.

The best and what we consider a safe way is to send money and list of subscribers in a registered letter. All postmasters are obliged to register letters if you put on an extra postage of 10 cents.

SENDING C. O. D.

We will send Premiums and receipts by express, and collect balance on delivery, provided \$3 is paid in advance as a guarantee of good faith. If you order in this way you must pay the express charges, and we pay for returning the money to us.

POSTAGE STAMPS TAKEN SAME AS CASH

We take postage stamps same as cash for parts of a dollar, but we prefer money for all even dollars. It is just as easy, and in fact easier to send a one or five dollars bill than to send one or five dollars in postage stamps. In sending stamps try and send those of the one cent denomination, as we get more of the three cent than we can use, and are obliged to sell them at a loss to ourselves.

No mutilated con taken.

NO MUTILATED COIN TAKEN.

The government will not receive coin that is mutilisted except for what it is worth for old silver, neither can it be passed in New York City. We are therefore obliged to refuse all coin with holes punched in them, or mutilated in any way. Remember this.

ANY ONE CAN CONDUCT THE BUSI-

Some of our very best agents are ladies. This business is specially adapted to ladies, and they do just as well as men. A lady can canvass her own town and make a handsome sum thereby. Even BOYS and GIRLS make good pay at the business. We have many such who make large pay canvassing their own and neighboring towns. In fact, any one who is willing to work can make good pay with our Magnatine.

UTILIZE YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

Devote all your time to the business; it will pay you to take an outfit and canvass during your spare time; in this way you can earn a handsome sum without interfering with your regular occupation. We have hundreds of agents who have, in the past, earned from \$10 to \$150 in a month or two by canvassing a little evenings and during leisure hours. Our Fremisms and Magazine are not equalled by any in the country, and canvassing for them is easy work. Try it in your spare time, if you cannot devote all your time to it, and see how fast you can make money.

LAST AND CLOSING WORDS.

LAST AND CLOSING WORDS.

We wish to impress upon your mind the fact that the premiums offered with Ridsout's Monthly Magazine are an entirely new departure from chromos which we have heretofore given with our publications, and we know that they are destined to be the greatest hit of the season. Do not lose any time in ordering from 20 to 100 sets and give the business a trial. Allow us to urge upon you the importance of starting in business for yourself.

We cannot press upon your mind too strongly the importance of starting now. Be the first in the field and win the first prise of \$400.

We know that we have offered you the greatest chance to make money that any publisher ever made. Our magazine is the most attractive, instructive, and entertaining published. Our premiums are entirely seen and will be halied with delight by all who wish to beautify their homes.

It is leograph of our late President James A. Garfleid will be sought after by every true American citizen. Occasionally you will meet with a person who will be so partisan as to refuse to subscribe, because you are offering a picture of a Republican President. Do not waste your time upons such a person. Garfleid was the President of the people north, south, east, west, and all mourned his sad fate. His name will be landed down to future generations with that of Washington and Lincoln as the man who fought his way from obscurily and poverty to the highest office in the gift of the American people, and his untimely death at the hande of a miserable assassis threw not only the United States both north and south, but the entire world into such deep and profound mourning as was never before known in its history. Such a man was Garfleid. A man of the people who had the weilare of the people at heart; one who sprang from the people and was beloved by the people.

one who sprang areas are the people. It is appropriate that every family should have a jecture worth framing, and as such we offer our new oleograph as a premium.

If you cannot take an agency yourself, please hand this circular to some worthy deserving person who make a smployment.

this circular to some worthy deserving person who needs employment.

If you do'not want an agency, we shall be pleased to receive your sebscription for one year to the Magazine one year, and the six premiums actually worth \$25.

If any one orders the Magazine and Premium, and is not satisfied we will refund the money, whether they subscript of an agent or send their subscription direct to us. In fact, we mean to give satisfaction, and if any one is dissatisfied we mean to satisfy them on their own terms.

If you do not wish to order acts in advance as by our second plan you can order as outfit. It costs but 30 cents to try the business.

Hoying to bear from you by geturn mail, we are faithfully yours.

Address,

E. G. RIDEOUT, 10 Barclay Street, New York City.

COLDEN'S

Liquid Beef Tonic.

This preparation, consisting of the Extract of Beef [prepared by Baron Liebig's process], the very best Brandy that can be obtained, soluble Citrate of Iron, Cinchona, and simple Bitter Tonics, is presented to the world for a trial of its claims. There are several preparations purporting to contain some of the abovenamed components, but the high cost of manufacture and the consequent reduction of profit, have caused the manufacturers to allow many such to deteriorate by the use of impure and cheap materials.

Physicians of large experience are growing to realize more and more fully the importance of preparing in accordance with the principles of dietectics the waste which disease entails; and those physicians are most successful in practice who recognize the fact, that the true use of drugs is to restore to normal function the process of nutrition, on which life and health depend; and it has been a desideratum to obtain a preparation

which could be given with a certainty of benefit.
We therefore present COLDEN'S LEGUTD BEEF
TORIC to the profession with a confidence inspired by a knowledge of its universal application in disease, and guarantee its purity and per-

ect assimilability.

We believe a trial will convince all—as it has already convinced many-that it is an invaluable

Its benefit is particularly marked in lowered states of the system, such as simple Anæmia, and that resulting from malarial poison, in chlorosis, spinal tritation, mental and nervous debility of over-worked business men, and especially in con-valescence from protracted diseases. Its simple hitter principles act directly or the self-self-gas trie nerves, annuating the follicles to scoretion, and giving to weakened individuals that first prerequisite to improvement-an appetite. chona which it contains makes it indisper in the treatment of the results of malarial disease, whilst its iron is a direct blood food, and its alcohol acts in the double capacity of assisting the local effect of the simple bitters upon the gastric mucous membranes, and also as a direct neryous stimulant.

vill thus appear that, unlike any preparation ever before offered, it combines properties of the utmost value in the treatment of such conditions as have been spoken of in this article. It is truly stimulant, tonic, nutrient, and hæmatogenic, and is so palatable and digestible that the most sensitive palate and stomach will not reject it.

To conclude; this is not a new preparation, but one whose merits have been long acknowledged. In a report of the celebrated physichan, SIR Es-ASMUS WILLON, of London, he says: "Several cases of incipient consumption have come under my observation that have been cured by a timely of Liebic's Beer Tonic (Colden'

We are in receipt f several hundred such com-mendations, but prefer, instead of introducing thom here, to merely append an official analysis of the preparation, made by an eminent London

The following is a correct analysis of COLDEN's LIEBIG'S LIQUID BREF TONIC, perfected 3d January, 1868. I obtained the samples indiscriminately from the Company's Warehouse, Lower Thames Street, London, E. C. I find this prepara-

25 per cent. glutinous or nutritious matter ob-

tained in the condensation of the beef. . 25 per cent, spirit rendered no i-injurious to the most delicate stomach.

30 per cent. of aqueous sciution of several herbs and roots, among which are most discernible Peruvian and Calisaya Barks. 30 Total.

I have had the process explained by which the beef in this preparation is preserved and rendered soluble by the brandy employed, and I am satis-fied this combination will prove a valuable adjunct to our pharm

Signed, ARTHUR HILL HASSALL, M.D. F.R.S. President of the Royal Analytical Ass., London. Since the date of the above analysis, and by the urgent request of several eminent members of the medical profession, I have added to each wineglassful of this preparation two grains of SOLUBLE CITRATE OF IRON.

T. COLDEN.

N. B .- COLDEN'S LIQUID BEEF TONIC is sold by Druggists generally in pint bottles. In ordering our article, persons should be particular to mention "COLDEN'S." To guard against imitation, see fac-simile of T. COLDEN on

C. N. CRITTENTON, General Agent. 115 Fulton Street, New York.

JOHN B. DAVIDS & CO'. S Pleasant, Profitable Employment. -SUPERIOR-

WRITING INKS,

WRITING FLUIDS, and

MUCILAGE.

Awarded Prize Medal by the American Institute and Atlantic Exhibition. Insist upon having JOHN B. DAVID'S & CO'S, and take no other.



AUTOMATIC Eve Glass Holder

Winds up ourd itself. "A"
shows position of glasses
reclod up. No breaking
of glasses; very handy,
Sold by Opticiana. By mail
25 cents
McDOUGALL, M'frs.,
berty Place, N. Y.

DURING SUMMER VACATION?

DURING SUMMER VAUATION?

Send for terms for selling our choice specialties of Fruit and Urnamental Frees and Shrubs, Grape Vines, Boses, etc. Monthly Salaries and Expenses paid. Previous expense on to sessential.

The best references gives and required. Address.

JAMES F. LeCLARKE Nurseryman,

Bochester, New York.

MENEELY BELL FOUNDRY. Favorably known to the public since 1816, Church, Chapel, School, Fire Alarm and other bells, sino Chimes and Peals. MENEELY & CO., WEST TROY, N. Y.



AGENTS Wanted for handsome illinitated when works of character; great wardety and Books & Bibles have in price; selling fast; manded courty where I other alternations. The selling interpreta & bo, 46 N. Faurit S., Philadelphia. In

E. G. RIDEOUT, 10 Barclay Street, New York City

GREAT IN DEATH .- The lives of the truly great are simple and void of ostentation. Love of display no more enters into the daily life of a genuinely solid man, a profoundly intellectual man, than does water into the composition of pure wine. Men of genius and men who do the thinking for the world dwell for the most part away and far removed from the showy things of fashion. They have no time to enter into the business of trifles or to mingle in the pastimes of the butterflies, that love novelty as a moth does the glare. Simple in all things their simplicity is perpetuated to the ending of life, and even in their entombment no mocking display comes to disturb their going out from the dwellings of men. What more simple life can be well imagined than that of Longfellowthan that of his friend the poet-philosopher Emerson? And yet they were great men. The world pronounces them such, and over their newly made graves two continents lately stood in mourning. Not only in their works is contained the wisdom they wrote, but in their lives as well. and not the least important lesson to learn is the simplicity attending their peaceful, unostentatious funerals in the quiet country churchyards of Cambridge and Concord.—Our Continent.

Ex-Sanitary Com. Rufus K. Hireman of New Orleans was cured of a severe attack of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil, so we see by an item in the Columbus, Ga., En-

In the height of thy prosperity expect adversity, but fear it not; if it come not, thou art the more sweetly possessed of the happiness thou hast, and the more strongly confirmed; if it come, thou art the more gently dispossessed of the hap-piness thou hadst, and the more firmly prepared.—Francis Quaries.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The delicate ofor of Floreston Cologne is entirely novel. Look for signature of Hiscox & Co., N. Y., on each bottle.

In an album of autographs Alphonse Karr has written: "The first half of our lives we pass in desiring the second, and the second in regretting the first." In the same album Alexandre Dumas has written: "What is duty? It is what we exact of others." exact of others.

There is hardly an adult person living but is sometimes troubled with kidney difficulty, which is the most prolific and dangerous cause of all disease. There is no sort of need to have any form of kidney or urinary trouble if Hop Bitters is taken occasionally.

Where necessity ends, curiosity begins; and no sooner are we supplied with everything that nature can demand, than we sit down to contrive artificial appetites.— JOHNSON.

Feathers, ribbons, velvet can all be colored to match that new hat by using the Diamond Dyes. len cents for any color.



TO ALL!

Address



THE WONDER OF HEALING!

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease, Cold is curative properties of the Extract; of Manil Syringe invaluable for use in catal hal affections, is simple and increase. Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No othe

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Nose, or from any cause, is speedily centrolle and stormed

Diphtheria & Sore Throat Extra promptly, It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.
For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or liching, it is the greatest known remedy.
For Unerra, Old Sorres or Open Wounds its action upon these is most remarkable.

tis setion upon these is most remarkable.

Caustion.—POND'S EXTRACT has been instated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our pictus trade-mark on surrounding buf wrapper. Now other tagenuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Tuke no other preparation.

It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIALTIES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR REPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO POND'S EXTRACT CO., 6
14 West 14th St., New York.

KIDNEY-WORT FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.

No other disease is so prevalent in this con y as Constipution, and no remedy has ev-jualed the selebrated Ednoy-Wort as res. Whatevor the cause, however obstine s case, proper use of this remedy we recome it.

PRICEST. USE Druggists Sall KIDNEY-WORT

DR. HOLMAN'S Ague, Stomach and Liver Pad

ares Malaria in all its forms, all Liver, Stom deen troubles, Chronic Diarrhesa, etc., etc preventive of Small-pox, population of Small-pox, population for strain and all diseases which ger i poison. Regular Pad, \$2.00; larger si and aggravated cases. See Treatise. Dr. Helman's Renal Pad cures Kidney at Bladder Affections, Weak Back, etc. \$2.00.

Dr. Holman's Pectoral Pad cures Lung ronchial Affections, etc., etc. \$8.06. Dr. Helman's Abdominal Pad cures di of Generative Organs in both sexes, all Bow Bladder Affections, etc., etc. \$5.00.

Dr. Holman's Absorptive Medicinal Bot Plaster cures all local pains and weaknesses. In best in the world, 25c.

Dr. Holman's Absorptive Medicinal For Pinster, for Cold Feet, Headsche and Singgish of culation. Fer pair, &c.

Dr. Holman's Absorption Salt, for Medi Baths. Per 1/4 lb. package, 25c. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS,

t by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. are of all BOGUS PADS only made to self-outation of the genuine. DR. HOLMAN'S advice is free, Full treatise ut on application, Address

HOLMAN PAD COMPANY,

DENTAL ROOM

OF-DR. W. J. STEWART,

23d STREET AND 9th AV RELIABLE WORK.

MODERATE CHARG

crow on F

tie fillings for broken down and seed tooth a speciality.

OIL ON THE WATERS .- " Pouring oil on oubled waters" was recently shown by a experiment at Peterhead to be a feast ble method of calming an angry see Bottles filled with oil were sunk to the ottom of the harbor in which the sea was reaking heavily. The oil was then released, and rising to the surface exercis-ed an immediate effect in smoothing the coubled waters. Instead of the waves reaking, the sea became quite smooth, od the waves, in place of being sharp rested, were turned into long, undulating as. An illustration of the moral effect of pouring oil upon the troubled waters of ife was recently given by a little girl, who has early learned two arts, that of making the best use of circumstances and that of keeping an unruffled temper: Two little girls, Lily and Violet, were playing in a yard where they had strung som twine for a clothes line, and were washing their dolls' garments in a diminutive tub, and hanging them out to dry. Along came Lily's brother, Master Jack, the juvenile tease, and with one sweep of his and jerked the whole day's washing from the line and scattered it on the grass. Lily bubbled over in tears at once. Violet was saddened too, but the necessity of playing eacemaker in the impending family uarrel was the first thought in mind; so she said, soothingly, "Never mind, Lily; let's play Jack was a high wind."

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ITS STAR STILL ASCENDING.

ITS STAR STILL ASCENDING.
In a recent call upon Mr. W. H. McAllister, 206 Front street, general agent for the sale of the Star chewing tobacco, he thus spoke to one of our reporters: "I was tortured with pain from acute rheumatism, and cared not whether I lived or died. I tried St. Jacobs Oil, just two applications of which entirely cured me."—San Francisco, Cal., Call.

"LISTEN, Auntie! What's that?" "It's the Cuckoo, darling. Don't you know the cuckoo?" "Oh! yes. The Cuckoo, that horrid bird that doesn't lay its own eggs."

While science cannot trace to its origin he vital spark, it can regulate nature's force. In all cases of disordered nerves Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills give comfort and tone. They cure dyspepsia, headache and aggravating wake-fulness,

"My wife and I am one," explained the colored gentleman; adding, with a smile that was childlike and bland, "and I am de one."

A VOICE FROM THE PRESS.

A VOICE FROM THE PRESS.

I take this opportunity to bear testimony to the efficacy of your "Hop Bitters," Expecting to find them nauseous and bitter, and composed of bad whiskey, we were agreeably surprised at their mild taste, just like a cup of tea. A Mrs. Cresswell and a Mrs. Connor, friends, have likewise tried ann pronounce them the best medicine they have ever taken for building up strength and toning up the system. I was troubled with costiveness, headache and want of appetite. My ailments are now all gone. I have a yearly contract with a doctor to look after the health of myself and family, but I need him not now.

S. GILLILAND, People's Advocate.

July 25, 1878. Pittsburg, Pa.

A BOY says in his composition, that "Onious are the vegetable that makes you sick if you don't eat them yourself.

"" It is a great art to do the right thing at the right time." The person subject to derangement of the kidneys or fiver has a protective duty to perform in purchasing a package of Kidney Wort. It invigorates these organs and by its cathartic and diu-retic effect cleanes the whole system of

OLEOMARGARDIE gets fat. There is no oubt about the fat part.

Flies, maches, ants, bedbuge, rats, mice, rows, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough a Rats." 15c.

(From the Springfield Republican.)

A GENEROUS ACT

Will be Appreciated by All Who Care for Their Complexion and Skin.

It is not generally known that the nervous system has a wonderful influence over the skin, but this is a fact known to medical men who have given much of their time to the study of diseases of the skin. No one can have a clear and fair complexion unmixed with blotches or pimples who is very record.

rair complexion unmixed with blotches or pimples who is very nervous.

Whatever tends to a healthful condition of the nervous system always beautifies the complexion and removes roughness and drynes of the skin. Some skin diseases are not attended by visible signs on the surface, but in an intolerable itching that renders life miserable.

We copy the following deserving and interesting compliment from the Tribune which says:

"Dr. C. W. Benson," New Remed. 'Skin Cuirs'
"Dr. C. W. Benson," New Remed. 'Skin Cuirs'

ing compliment from the Tribune which says:
"Dr. C. W. Benson's New Remedy, 'SKIN CUIR.'
is received by the public with great confidence,
and it is regarded as a very generous act on the
Doctor's part to make known and prepare for
general use his valuable and favorite prescription for the treatment of the skin diseases,
after having devoted atmost his entires life to the after having devoted aimost his entire life to the study and treatment of nervous and skin diseases, in which he took great delight. He was for a number of years Physician in charge of the Maryland Infirmary on Dermatology and anything from his hands is at once accepted as authority and valuable. The remedy is fully the article to attack the disease, both internally, through the blood, and externally, through the arsorbents, and is the only reliable and rational mode of treatment. These preparations are only put up for general use after having been used by the Doctor iu his private practice for years, with the greatest success, and they fully merit the confidence of all classes of sufferers from skin diseases." This is for sale by all druggists. Two bottles, internal and external treatment, in one package. Don't be persuaded to take other. It costs one dollar. after having devoted almost his entire life to the

OH MY HEAD!

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER?

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER?

Sick headache, nervous headache, neuralgia, nervousness, paralysis, dyspepsia, alceplosmess, and brain diseases, positively cured by Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile, Pills. They contain no opium, quinine, or other harmful drug. Sold by drugg'sts. Price 56 cents per box, two boxes for \$1. six boxes for \$2.50 by mail postage free,—Dr. C. W. Benson, Baltimore, Md. C. N. Crittenton, New York, is wholesale agent for these remedies.

The Bad and Worthless are never imitated or counterfeited. This is es-pecially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Ritters was the purest. Dest and most valuable family redicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press

mediane on earth, many imitations spring up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such remedies or cares, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but, genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE

orall Kidney Complaints and for all diseases of the LIVER.

the Bile, and by keeping the hor condition, effecting its regular disc

FAIL NOT TO TRY IT.

BICE SI. SOLD BY DRUGOISTS

Art is long, and time is fleeting, And our hearts, though stout and

Still, like muffled drums are beating Funeral marches to the grave.

Lives of great men all remind us We can make our lives sublime; And, departing, leave behind us Footprints on the sands of Time :-Footprints that perhaps another,

Sailing o'er life's solemn main A forlorn and shipwrecked brother, Seeing, may take heart again.

Let us, then, be up and doing, With a heart for any fate; Still achieving, still pursuing, Learn to labor and to wait."

-Longfellow.

WHEN LADIES ARE ATTRACTIVE.

All ladies know their faces are more attractive when free from pimples. Parker's Ginger Tonic is popular among them, because it banishes impurities from blood and skin, and makes the face glow and the eye sparkle with health.

THESE are Chinese proverbs: Learning cannot be gulped down. Every subject must be chewed to get out its juice. Good students are like workers in hard wood. Most taings are easy to learn, but hard to

EUROPEAN tours will soon become un-fashionable. The horrible discovery has been made that it is cheaper to summer in Europe than at an American watering-

AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

Deserving articles are always appreciated. The exceptional cleanliness of Parker's Hair Balsam makes it popular. Gray hairs are impossible with its occasional

DISEASES CURED

By the Electro-Magnetic Treatment, Massage and Movement Cure, at No. 19 Temple Pl., Boston, Mass., by Dr. George W. Rhodes,

Boston, Mass., by Dr.
George W. Rhodes,
Who thoroughly understands his business. His genial disposition, large sympathies, and strong vital magnetism, win at once upon his patients, and peculiarly it him to treat a class of diseases fifteen years, patients distinguished in the medical and legal professions and in literature, among them, some of the most wealthy and influential.

Dr. Rhodes has made a special study of Paralysis, Epilopsy, Brain and Nervous Diseases, Hysterial, Heart, Lung and Blood Diseases, and has been singularly successful in treatment. It leads fifteen years, only one, Dr. Gregg, of Boston, lass on the brsin, and other troubles, making recovery at his age, seventy-three, impossible, but that able by the treatment, was gratefully acknowledged by his family, and admitted by his former medical advisers. His own opinion of Dr. Rhobes, and were restored to health.

One more case we will mention—a son of the route were both patients of Dr. Rhobes, and were restored to health.

One more case we will mention—a son of the corter his mouth and tongue were involved, his limbs were drawn up, and feet wisted by contaction of the cords: his brain and heart were you could hear it beas in an adjoining room. In that the boy was given over to die by the physicians attending him. Finally, as a last resort, his mother brought him to perfect health.

Prop., 48 Bond Street, N. Y. City, at hards and Rhood Law of the cords: his brain and heart were you could hear it beas in an adjoining room. In that the boy was given over to die by the physicians attending him. Finally, as a last resort, his mother brought him to perfect health. Prof. Stove Store, and the strength of the cords: his brain and heart were you could hear it beas in an adjoining room. In the content of the cords: his brain and heart were you could hear it beas in an adjoining room. In the content property of the cords of the cords of the cords of the cords of the cords. The prof. Catylik R. Stove, the husband of Mr. Horoza and have a content of the cor

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the I



a Editors

Mesers. Editors :—
The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkehars, of Lyns, Mass., who above all other human helings may be truthfully called the 'Dear Friend or Womak' as some of her correspondents love to call her. She is scalously devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a 1:0-study, and is obliged to keep sky lady annistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special hurden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not ord purposes. I have personally investigated it and am astisfied of the truth of this.

On acount of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the bost physicians in this country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much plan. It will ours entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhou, irregular and painful Menstrustion, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives mer life and view. It removes faintness, and gives mer life and view. It removes faintness, and gives mer life and view.

uncersion, rocotings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, finatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Riocating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Siesplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only \$\overline{1}\$, per bottle or six for \$\overline{6}\$, and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing lire, \$\overline{1}\$, with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Man.

For Eidney Complaint of either sex this compound unsurprased as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Fills," says one writer, "are the best in the world for the cure of Constipation, Billousses and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bins fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Morey whose sele ambitton is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (8)

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever." DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S Orientall Cream or Magic Beautifler



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